

## IT'S "BOBS"

Over Whom the English People Today  
Have Gone Wild.

No Honors are Too Great

To be Bestowed by the Queen Upon the Great  
General. The People Make a Demonstra-  
tion Heretofore Unheard of in  
Merry England.

London, Dec. 3.—The Prince and Princess of Wales shook hands with Lord Roberts and welcomed him most cordially to Buckingham palace. The royal band played national anthems and afterwards "Come Back to Erin."

England Blinded to the Situation.

Cape Town, Dec. 3.—The natives im-ported to Rhodesia by Cecil Rhodes recently threatened an insurrection, and have been pacified with difficulty. The situation in Cape Colony is gloomy. Afrikaners are not rising but aiding the Boer invaders in every possible way. England is urged to send more troops. It is feared the situation is not realized in London.

Lord Roberts Receives More Honors.

London, Jan. 3.—Though the news-papers counseled moderation in the demonstration for Lord Roberts, the common people forgetting grave situation in South Africa greeted "Bobs" as no British general ever was greeted in history. The Prince of Wales, Lord Salisbury and other members of Royal family escorted Bobs to his carriage amid the thunderous cheers of the multitude. London today has as no British general ever was greeted

## ARCHBISHOP IRELAND

Invited by President McKinley to Visit  
Cuba Upon Important Errand.

Havana, Jan. 3.—The prospective visit of Arch Bishop Ireland to Cuba, appointed by General Wood to investigate the titles in question has already to report on the question of rich property now claimed by both church and state, has greatly heightened in-terest in the matter. The committee appointed by General Wood to investigate the titles in question has already to report on the question of rich property now claimed by both church and state, has greatly heightened in-

## THE NEW ARMY BILL

Will Come Up for Consideration by Con-  
gress This Afternoon.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The army re-organization bill as amended by therals. The number of native soldiers in the Philippines to be limited to 12. It calls for an army of 100,000 men, 15,000. No wine or spirituous liquors in regiments of cavalry, 12 regiments of to be sold in army canteens under pro-visions of the new law.

## Disastrous Tenement House Fire.

New York, Jan. 3.—A row of three burned to death. All the inmates were poor people and few got out with more than their night clothes. Much rendered homeless. Mary Devine was suffering will result from the blaze.

## It Looks Like Attempted Suicide.

Warren, Ohio, Jan. 3.—Charles Wheatley, was this morning found on the ice underneath the Market street bridge in a half frozen condition, with his hip and shoulder broken and a gash in his head. Wheatley claims that he was robbed and thrown from the bridge by two men, who assaulted him as he was walking along the street. The citizens believe it was a case of attempted suicide.

## Whitecaps Visit a Negro Settlement.

Neelyville, Mo., Dec. 3.—A gang of five colored men 20 days to leave the white men, disguised as whitecaps, country on pain of death. The ne-visited a colony of thirty negroes, groes are thrifty, peaceful and have here, riddled their houses with bul-lets, wrecked the furniture and gave farmers who wish to supplant them.

## Another Junket is Contemplated.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The War de-partment has under consideration a proposition that a joint committee from the Senate and House make a trip to the Philippines at the close of this session for the purpose of study-

### KRUGER IS ILL.

The Hague, Dec. 3.—President Kruger passed a very bad night. His advanced age makes his illness some-what alarming.

### BAD TENEMENT FIRE.

New York, Dec. 3.—Ida Berwitz, six years old, is dead, and six chil-dren missing as the result of a tenement fire at 221 east 3rd street, this morning. The building was crowded with tenements and in the panic the little ones were forgotten. Firemen are searching for bodies.

### GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Jan. 3.—Close May wheat 76%; corn 37; oats 24%; pork 12.77%.

## COME ON!

Canada is Making Some  
Progress

Toward Forming an  
Alliance With U. S.

The Independence Club Demands a  
Dissolution of Its Relation with  
Great Britain and Favors  
Federation with U. S.

Montreal, Jan. 3.—The Canadian in-dependence league, with headquarters in this city, has issued its platform and constitution. The league seeks disso-lution of the colonial relation with Great Britain and the formation of a federation to be known as the United States of Canada, the present provinces to become states with sovereign power. The league declines to divulge the names of its officers, but it is claimed to have a large and growing member-ship.

## SALT TRUST

Was Given a Good Hard  
Blow

By One of the Big Kansas  
City Packers

Who Went to Portugal and Bought  
Twenty-five Thousand Tons of  
Salt for Use in His  
Business.

Kansas City, Jan. 3.—Twenty-five thousand tons of commercial salt, pur-chased in Portugal, have been con-tracted for by a packing company of this city. "We found that prices have gone steadily up on account of the salt trust," said the company's purchasing agent, "and so we went outside of this country for our salt."

## HANGED HIM

And Then Filled Him  
With Bullet.

The Fellow Was Too Handy  
With His Knife.

And He Was Given a Lesson Which  
is a Guarantee That He  
Will Not Do It  
Again.

Wilsonville, Ala., Jan. 3.—Louis Mc-Adams, a negro, who cut and seriously injured J. M. Ray at this place Christ-mas eve, and who was arrested in Childersburg, was taken from officers by a mob of 100 men and hanged to a tree four miles from this place. As the negro's body swung in the air the contents of 50 shotguns and rifles were emptied into it. As every man wore a mask there is no clue to the identity of the lynchers.

Negro Lynched by Negroes.  
Quitman, Ga., Jan. 3.—A negro whose name could not be learned was lynched by a mob of his own color nine miles north of Quitman for assaulting a small negro girl. Bailiff Pace had the negro in charge and was making his way here. When about to board a train near Kennedy a mob of negroes who were on the train took the pris-oner and shot him, with no attempt to conceal their crime.

## FAILS

To Realize Danger  
Which

Is Imminent.

General Uprising of the  
Dutch is Likely.

British are Unloading Some  
of Their Heavy  
Ordnance.

Meantime the Boers are Invading  
Half the Country. The Situa-  
tion Has Grown to be  
Very Serious.

Cape Town, Jan. 3.—The British bat-tle-ship Monarch is landing guns as a precautionary measure. The situation is undoubtedly serious. It is true that the Dutch have not joined the invaders in any considerable numbers, but a lack of arms is believed to be the true reason for it. In many places horses are freely offered and information readily supplied to the Boers. The early proclamation of martial law in the Cape Town division is expected. This division does not include Cape Town itself.

The latest reports show the situation to be generally as follows: Kuruman, if still uninvested, probably soon will be. Griqualand West is filled with small parties of Boers who are work-ing southward toward Prieska, for the purpose of co-operating with or sup-porting Commandant Herzig, whose advance parties are in the neighbor-hood of Frazerburg. The Boers are close to Graaf Reinet, where of late the Dutch have given many demon-strations of extreme sympathy. In the eastern part of the colony the advance guard of the Boers is close to Marais-burg, about 25 miles northeast of Crai-choek.

The general opinion here is that the position is not properly appreciated in England. The Worcester conference excited the Dutch throughout the colony. Many old residents, who are by no means alarmists, regard a general uprising of the Dutch as likely.

Lord Methuen is concentrating a force at Vryburg, whither 1,000 troops have been sent from Kimberley, and others from the more northern towns, to deal with a commando that is raid-ing around Kurman. The Boers have reoccupied Jagersfontein, which, with Fairsmith, the British evacuated on Christmas day. The convey of retir-ing inhabitants, with hundreds of wagons, extended for seven miles. It was a mournful spectacle. Camp was pitched at Edenburg. The motive for the evacuation was the difficulty of maintaining food supplies so far from the railway.

Communication with Frazerburg is suspended, and it is doubtful when this will be restored, inasmuch as the Boers are traveling along the line. Colonel Thorneycroft and Colonel De Lisle are continuing the chase, but their horses and mules are very tired. Many Dutch residents attended the fu-neral of a Boer killed in action and placed wreaths upon his coffin. The Boers captured and destroyed the mails due Dec. 30.

Movements of Lord Roberts.  
London, Jan. 3.—When General Lord Roberts reached Osborne House he found that the queen was out driv-ing and he conversed with several of the princesses while waiting for her return. The audience lasted a quarter of an hour. Lord Roberts was then taken to Southampton by the royal yacht Alberta and went on board the Canada. His reception was very en-thuslastic.

Lord Roberts figures largely in the papers, and there is a chorus of eulog-istic editorials. All call attention, however, to the serious position in South Africa and to the need of pa-tience and moderation, and all appeal to the public to avoid in what is cer-tain to be a tremendous ovation any misplaced exaltation, and above all any repetition of the indecorous scenes that have disgraced the capital on for-mer occasions.

Extending Martial Law.  
London, Jan. 3.—"Martial law has been proclaimed in the Worcester-shire, Ceres, Prince Albert, Frazerburg and Sutherland divisions," wires the Cape Town correspondent of The Daily Mail. "The enlistment of volunteers is active, and the best authorities an-ticipate favorable developments short-ly. The great trouble is the scarcity of horses. Seven hundred Boers have broken through the cordon at Zuur-burg, and are advancing upon Rich-mond. The magistrate there reports that they are burning and looting a few miles from the town."

Kitchener's Dispatch.  
London, Jan. 3.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener: "Dewet tried to move toward Bethlehem, but he was headed off by Picheu and retreated toward Lindley or Reite. One hundred and thirty Boer houses have been captured near Thaba M'Chu. The railway has been damaged, south of Sarcfontein. Williams engaged the Boers southeast of Middleburg, Cape Colony, and the British now occupy Graaf Reinet."

Kruger's Reply.  
Grand Rapids, Mich., Jan. 3.—The following cablegram was received in response to Grand Rapids' greeting and invitation to Kruger to visit this city: "Sgravenhege, via Azores. To common council: President Kruger's best thanks for good wishes and cor-dial invitation to visit. Nothing de-cided yet. Doeschoten."

Progress of the Invaders.  
Cape Town, Jan. 3.—The invaders have reached Glenharby, a few miles north of Graaf Reinet, in the heart of the disaffected portion of the colony.

## A CHANGE

Of the County Seat: to  
Bellaire

Is a Movement Which Would  
Involve

The Transfer of the Court House,  
Which a Contractor Agrees to  
do for the Sum of  
\$50,000.

Bellaire, O., Jan. 3.—A strong move-ment is being organized in this city with the help of Barnesville and Bridgeport that has as its main object the removal of the present county seat at St. Clairsville to this city. Leaders of the movement have found a con-tractor who will guarantee to remove the courthouse to this city for the sum of \$50,000. It is claimed this change would benefit the taxpayers of the county, as St. Clairsville is held to be practically inaccessible to the majority.

## THE TRACK

Blockaded by Heavy  
Timbers

Which the Fast Freight  
Dashed Into

Before They Were Given Time in  
Which to Warn the Trainmen.

The Engineer was  
Killed.

Youngstown, O., Jan. 3.—A freight wreck occurred near Canfield, on the Niles and New Lisbon railroad. Con-tractors were hauling two ship tim-bers, each 60 feet long, over a road crossing, when the chains broke, leav-ing them on the track. Before the men had time to send out a flag a freight train bowled along and struck the tim-bers, the locomotive turning completely over in a ditch, and eight cars piling on top of it. Engineer Charles Frack was killed, and the fireman badly scalded.

## GREAT STRIKE

Made Near Tanana in  
Alaskan Field.

Washings That Yield Over  
\$14.00 a Pan.

Anxiety Felt for the Fate of Mes-sengers Who Left Dawson  
Carrying Treasure for Van-couver People.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 3.—The steamer Anser, which arrived here from Alas-kan ports, brings news of a great strike near Tanana, where prospectors have taken out gold at the rate of \$14 a pan.

Dawson officials have postponed in-definitely the proposed sale of alter-nate sections of hydraulic mining grants.

Miners coming to the coast from Dawson report that wolves are becom-ing very troublesome on the Dawson trail. Much anxiety is felt for the safety of Murray McDonald, who left Dawson June 23, carrying treasure for Vancouver parties.

Business in Dawson is less active than over this winter owing to the fact that claims are all worked in the sum-mer, winter work being found unprof-itable.

## FUTURE

Relations of Uncle Sam With the  
Province of Cuba

Is Now Being Considered

By the Constitutional Convention of Cuba. One  
Promulgation Proposed Accepts the Monroe  
Doctrine and Declares Cuba an  
Ally of the U. S.

Havana, Jan. 3.—The Cuban consti-tutional convention is considering two promulgations of the future relations between Cuba and the United States. One of these, and it is likely to carry, affirms, in the first place, an accept-ance of the Monroe doctrine and the establishment of friendly relations with all nations, together with a resolu-tion to proceed in all cases in com-plete accord with the United States. In the second place, it proposes to put at the disposal of the United States a portion of the share of any bay on the north coast and of two bays on the south coast for naval sta-tions, together with concessions sufficient in extent for the purposes of defense and sani-tation. In the third place, it declares that Cuba will place herself on a war footing to help the United States in case such assistance should be needed. The other promul-gation is a counter-check to this. It declares that the con-vention, not having legislative func-tions, can not enlarge the basis of fu-ture relations, and that its energies should be expended mainly to consoli-date the country for reconstruction and toward supporting the avowed policy of the United States.

## MUST DEPOSIT \$100,000

With the State if They Would Do  
Business Says Sheets.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 3.—Attorney General Sheets and Inspector of Build-ings and Loan Associations Mauk, have about decided to bring suit against three co-operative real estate companies of Akron and similar con-cerns in other parts of the state, to oust them from the charters. It is claimed they come under the debenture law and should deposit \$100,000 with the state.

## OLEOMARGERINE MEN

Will Have Hard Sledding to Keep  
Themselves in Business.

Washington, Jan. 3.—Congressman Springer appearing for the National Live Stock Association before the Dairy committee, Wisconsin, is re-ported as saying that the bill was de-termined forgeries in the Groat bill signed to drive dealers in colored as reported by the House designed to injure manufacturers of oleomarge-rine. Congressman Adams of the Live Stock Association before the Dairy committee, Wisconsin, is re-ported as saying that the bill was de-termined forgeries in the Groat bill signed to drive dealers in colored as reported by the House designed to

## Charged with Derailing a Car.

Lorain, Ohio, Jan. 3.—Miko Grachen and John Sagins were arrested today on a charge of derailing an Elyria car going 50 miles an hour. They flagged three cars between Elyria and Lorain. Then it is alleged, fearing the fourth car would pass them got mad, put rails on the track and threw the car off and badly jarred the passengers though none were seriously hurt. Both pleaded not guilty.

## Bishop Ninde of M. E. Church is Dead.

Detroit, Jan. 3.—Bishop N. Ninde, of the Methodist church was found dead in his bed this morning. He was 89 years old. Wednesday the board of presiding elders decided to sell the Bishop's home here. It is denied that the board's action had any thing to do with hastening the old man's death, but many insist that it did.

## Some Politics in This Resolution.

Washington, Jan. 3.—Representative Olmstead, a Republican of Pennsyl-vania, offered a resolution in the house today that the state of Mississippi, South Carolina, Louisiana had violated the 14th amendment by prohibiting male citizens over 21 from voting. The resolution closed with a provision that the census committee be given au-thority to investigate.

### A GAS FAMINE.

Mount Vernon, Ohio, Jan. 3.—The natural gas supply to the village of Cambria collapsed today and the town is in dire straits for warmth. Kenyon college, Harcourt Seminary and Ken-yon Military academy have been heat-ed by gas and students are suffering greatly.

### ANOTHER OUTRAGE.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The Navy de-partment has been asked by Congress-man Rixey, of Virginia, to investigate the death of Hobart K. Green, of San-dusky, Ohio, a Marine on the training ship Santee at Annapolis. It is charged that his death was due to im-proper treatment and inadequate medi-cal attention.

### REFUSED A LICENSE.

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 3.—State in-surance Commissioner Vorhis today refused license to the Palatine In-surance Co., of London, because they had not complied with the require-ments of Ohio laws. Agents are al-ready to begin business for the New Year.

### THE WEATHER.

Ohio.—Continued cold, generally fair weather tonight and Friday.

### TUSSLING WITH ARMY BILLS.

Washington, Jan. 3.—Senate spent all morning with petitions, memorials, and bills. At 12:40, the Senate took up army bills.



## The Non-Irritating Cathartic

Easy to take, easy to operate—  
**Hood's Pills**

WISDOM AND OTHERWISE.

A lawyer is strongest when feeblest.  
A music-loving woman should acquire a husband.

Every time you wrong your neighbor you harm yourself.

By his conduct every man in the world fixes his own value.

If the master is negligent the servant will not be diligent.

Be very careful how you let remarks fall—they may hurt a friend.

All men are more or less foolish, but some men outgrow their foolishness in time.

A great deal of shocking language is due to the receipt of C. O. D. telegrams.

A laugh bought at the expense of a penny costs far more than it is worth.

The frown of a true friend is better than the smile of a cunning enemy.

A woman is a great deal better than her mother and what is more, she knows it.

The faster a man's pace the more likely he is to be overtaken by the minions of time.

If the use of tobacco shortens a man's day it is probably also to the length of his nights.

Friendship means more, and at the same time less, than any other word in the English language.

The night in Greenland are six months long, but, fortunately, there are no cats in that country.

Lots of men spend half their time complaining of it, the other half in trying to kill time.

The girl who is stupid, ugly, penniless and good possesses the four cardinal points of genuine misery.

"He given twice a day gives quickly," says the proverb, but you will please observe that the rapid paying teller never gives you twice the face value of a check.

### THOUSANDS SENT INTO EXILE.

Every year a large number of poor sufferers whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly and not always sure. Don't be an exile when Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption will cure you at home. It's the most infallible medicine for Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung diseases. It cures. The first dose brings relief. Astounding cures result from persistent use. Trial bottles free at H. F. Vorkamp's corner Main and North streets. Price 50c and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

### Red Frankfurter Sauces

Three Baltimore meat dealers were fined for selling red frankfurter sausages, colored by means of an aniline dye, although an expert testified that the dye was a coal tar preparation containing no arsenic and was a perfectly healthy article of food.

### TRIED FIVE DOCTORS.

Mrs. Frances L. Sales of Missouri Valley, Ia., writes: "I had severe kidney trouble for years, had tried five doctors without benefit, but three bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure cured me."

H. F. Vorkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

### A Prince's Athletic Training.

The king of Italy is said to be a man of most vigorous health, due to his early training, which was almost Spartan in its severity. He had to rise at daybreak and bathe in cold water all the year round. If he was late his tutor allowed him no breakfast. All his mornings were spent in study and all his amusements were of an educational kind.

### Jell-O, the New Desert.

pleases all the family. Four flavors—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10 cents. Try it today.

### Great Tunnel Completed.

The big tunnel on the Great Northern railroad in the state of Washington is ready for use a month earlier than had been anticipated. The "bore" is 13,221 feet in length, one of the longest ever made, and it has taken three years to complete it. It has made two towns, Cascade and Arlington, on opposite sides of the mountain.

## Dr. Humphreys'

Specifies cure by acting directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in any other part of the system.

**DR. HUMPHREYS' REMEDY FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE URINARY ORGANS.**

1—Fever, Congestion, Inflammation. 25  
2—Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Cough. 25  
3—Febrile, Cough, Croup, Whooping Cough. 25  
4—Bladder, of Children or Adults. 25  
5—Catarrh, Cold, Bronchitis. 25  
6—Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache. 25  
7—Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo. 25  
8—Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach. 25  
9—Suppressed or Painful Periods. 25  
10—Whitewash, Too Frequent Periods. 25  
11—Croup, Laryngitis, Croup, Whooping Cough. 25  
12—Nervous, Rheumatic Pains. 25  
13—Nervous, Rheumatic Pains. 25  
14—Nervous, Rheumatic Pains. 25  
15—Nervous, Rheumatic Pains. 25  
16—Nervous, Rheumatic Pains. 25  
17—Nervous, Rheumatic Pains. 25  
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23—Nervous, Rheumatic Pains. 25  
24—Nervous, Rheumatic Pains. 25  
25—Nervous, Rheumatic Pains. 25

Dr. Humphreys' Remedy for all Diseases of the Urinary or Genital Organs. Prepared by Dr. J. C. Humphreys, 100 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

## QUEER RELIGIOUS SECT.

Behals Believe In the Master at Acre, In Syria.

FRIDAY IS THEIR REAL SUNDAY.

A Missionary Lately Returned From a Sojourn With the Master Tells of Teachings From His Lips—The Son of the Millennium to Rise in the West.

At a hall on the west side in New York the other night there was a meeting of Behals. A Behal is one who believes in the One-Over-at-Acre. Acre is in Syria, on the shores of the Mediterranean. The One-Over-at-Acre is sometimes called the Master by his believers. There were about 150 persons at the meeting. Most of them were believers; some of them were students. All listened with the utmost attention to a witness lately come from a sojourn with the Master at Acre.

The witness was a woman apparently past middle age, of low, wonderfully modulated voice. She wore a gray costume made as plainly as a Quaker's and a small round hat with a flat top, from either side of which a veil of the same color hung down over her shoulders. She told of her recent visit to Acre and of the great number of believers who were gathered there. But few are privileged to have conversation with the Master. Those who are go out and report the words of the Master as best their human memories will permit them to the believers who have not been permitted to have speech with him.

The witness explained that she had hoped that she might be able to sit down directly after speaking with the Master and write down what he said so that the words might be preserved, but there were so many ladies without, she said, waiting to devour with the utmost eagerness every word that came from within, that it seemed best to disseminate, at least the spirit of the Master said, by telling it orally to the many rather than waiting to write it down for the few. One lady who was privileged to go to Acre and to speak with the Master, so the witness said, was formerly an actress and had trained herself to commit plays to memory at a single reading.

This woman, fortunately, had borne to stop to tell what she had heard to those outside, but had gone apart as soon as she had come from the Master's presence and had written down all his communications word for word just as he had said it. The believers present the other night seemed greatly pleased by the news that a copy of these reports of the Master's utterances is soon to be sent to the United States to be distributed among them. The witness further reported that the Master customarily spoke in the most beautiful parables.

To the believers in America the witness brought the word that the One-Over-at-Acre had only the warmest words of love and hope and encouragement for them. It had been written in former revelations, the Master told the witness, that the sign of the millennium would be that the sun should rise in the west, and might not this mean that the light of the new revelation, which is to bring with it the realm of universal peace, was to come from the country of free speech and broad thought and of untrammelled religion?

Most of those who were present seemed to be fairly prosperous. It was given out that more meetings will be held soon in an appointed place and that the great used of the Behals now is for teachers. Believers were urged to suspend proselytizing for the present and perfect themselves in the teachings, so that they may be ready to meet with wise instruction the students who will come. The believers present were also informed that, although most of them did not know it yet, not having as yet been sufficiently instructed in the new revelation, Friday was the real Sunday and that in a hundred years all would recognize the fact. It was learned that the instructions to believers and students are given out in a series of successive lessons. There are so few copies of these lessons that the believers have to make their own copies from the papers in the hands of some of the more advanced believers.

The gentleman who presided over the meeting informed a New York Sun reporter that in due time the Behals would be recognized as bringing to the world a revelation of divinity which could be preached to all people in terms that each people could grasp and embrace. It would appeal to each race. The Jews, for instance, are still waiting for the coming of their Messiah. But two-thirds of the Jews of Syria and Persia have accepted the revelation of the One-Over-at-Acre and are believers. The Jews do not accept Christ because the prophets said that the Messiah would come when they were scattered now, and the Zionist movement is an outward and visible sign of the spirit working in them, of which the revelation of Behal was the inward and moving cause.

The Behals believe that revelations come in cycles and that the revelation of the cycle of Behal is to be the most far-reaching and the most generally accepted of them all. Apparently they believe that the One-Over-at-Acre is to bring the millennium as soon as the shah of Persia will let him alone, which, it is gathered, the shah is not doing at present. The Behals have unbounded confidence in their ability to convert.

"I could make a believer out of you," said one of the most advanced leaders to the reporter, "if I could only get a whack at you."

## Good Boys

Are the bad boys very often. The boy that's good for anything is generally a pugnaunt. He's a healthy animal, and the healthy animal will always fight for his rights.

When a boy shuns the rough sports of his companions he is apt to be a weakling, and to be conscious of the fact.

A great many mothers have testified to the wonderful curing and strengthening power of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. All strength comes from food after it has been perfectly digested and assimilated. By curing diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, "Golden Medical Discovery" enables the perfect nourishment of the body, which is thus built up in the only way a body can be built up—by food.

There is no alcohol in "Discovery," and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine, and all other narcotics.

"Dr. Pierce's medicine has done wonders for my two sons," writes Mrs. M. H. H. of Denver, Colo., N. Y. "My oldest son was taken two or three years ago with hemorrhage from the lungs. It troubled him for several years. He took Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and has not had one since he commenced to take your medicine."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper cover, sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only. For cloth binding send 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

### STAGE WHISPERS.

A revival of old plays is imminent. Among those that have been mentioned are "Hoodman Blind," "The World," "The Black Flag," and "Eternity Reborn."

Belle Fremont, a dainty young lyric soprano, who has attracted considerable attention with the Bostonians in "The Viceroy," is a niece of Jessie Bartlett Davis.

Charles Frohman will shortly produce at the Duke of York's theater, in London, with his stock company, a new play by Louis N. Parker, entitled "The Swashbuckler."

Women have risen to great heights as authors, actresses, painters, scientists and monarchs. Their conspicuous failures are in the drama, poetry, sculpture and architecture.

"Riding to Win," a cycle racing sensation play, and "The Worst Woman in London," are two of the new pieces recently brought from the other side of the water for production here.

Miss Bertha Galland will continue as the Princess in "The Pride of Jennico" until the end of this season, and will open as a star under Daniel Frohman's management at the Lyceum theater, New York, next September.

The tallest actress who has been seen in New York since Julia Opp, with her six feet of queenly height, is Miss Nina Lyn, of the "Zaza" company, who stretches up to even a greater elevation toward the empyrean.

Augustus Thomas' "Arizona" has made as big a hit in New York as it did in the west, contrary to predictions of western critics, who were inclined to think that the atmosphere of the plains would not interest those in the east.

Some of the Parisian actors are no way backward at self-advertising. One about to play the druggard in "L'Assommoir" went to a hospital to study delirium tremens, and was so horrified that he had an attack of nervous prostration.

Isadore Rush, formerly leading lady for Roland Reed, has scored a notable success as Belle Money in "The Rogers Brothers in Central Park." She possesses heretofore unsuspected versatility as a comedienne, and can sing and dance as well as she can act.

Many stock companies throughout the country are swooping down on Nell Gwynne, and a dozen old and new plays with her as the heroine will soon be in use. Another and less explainable rush is for Ouida's "Under Two Flags," in various stage versions.

All druggists guarantee every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and will refund the money to anyone who is not satisfied after using two-thirds of the contents. This is the best remedy in the world for lagrippe, coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is pleasant and safe to take. It prevents any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. 1071-4M

### THOUGHTS FOR EVERY DAY.

"Ah," said Reputation, sighing, "it is easy of discerning. Each of you may freely wander, with a prospect of returning."

But, I pray you, guard me closely, for in spite of your endeavor, if you miss me but one moment I am gone, and gone forever."

Retire within thyself and thou wilt discover how small a stock is there—Persius.

Love is like fine china; you may break it and it may be mended, but the cracks are still there.

The race is not always to the swift; it often depends on the character of the man in the judges' stand.

A man who understands human nature never places much confidence in another man who makes an excuse for attending a circus.

## WINTERING IN CHINA.

American Troops In Good Shape For the Closed Season.

SOLDIERS TO LIVE IN SIBLEY TENTS

Walk of Our Men to Spend the Winter at Camp Kelly, in Park of the Temple of Agriculture, in Peking. American Transportation System the Best.

The trying winter of north China is already at hand, says M. J. Egan, the St. Louis Globe-Democrat's correspondent, writing from Tien-tsin under date of Nov. 1. The bleak north wind has been blowing a lusty overture to it for a month back, and now glasslike ice forms in the Pei-Ho on cold nights, and once or twice flurries of snow have swept across the plains. It is almost a law of annual observation that the Pei-Ho's muddy current stops and solidifies early in December and that the great shallow gulf of Pei-chi-l sea ice with a huge wedge of ice that extends seaward for many miles. There have been open winters, but they have been rare exceptions, and the signs of this fall point with all hands to the maintenance of the rule. As early as August there were chilly evenings and mornings that required an hour's snuggling to make them acceptable, and by the end of September the thin blooded fellows from the Philippines, Cuba and India were crying for winter clothing and fires. So far the thermometer has held its head up with fair dignity, but the chill has been carried in the breath of the wind. From Peking to the sea there is no barrier to check or divert it, and it has swept and spurred over the plains in unrelenting sway.

The ordinary winter here is slightly more severe than the average winter of New York and New England, but its consequences are greater to the inhabitants, for they rely almost entirely for transportation and communication upon the rivers and canals. Thus the country is practically sealed up in ice during the winter months. The allied garrisons designed for service from Taku to Peking have in preparing for the siege of ice based their calculations upon the severest weather possible, and they are working now with every resource available to withstand the attack of this enemy of the elements.

Snow quarters are being prepared and supplies of winter clothing, food, fuel and forage stored away. Taku and Tien-tsin, the ordinary bases of this country, are almost certain to be frozen in, and they are now the scenes of an exciting race against time and ice. Farther up the coast of Shad Hai Quan there is an open winter port, and while there is an effort to maintain communication with it throughout the winter, it is essentially a reserve proposition. It is tapped by the railway, but a large portion of the line was destroyed, and there is no chance of putting it in shape in time to be of any use. It will serve as a point of entry or exit of troops if occasion requires, but it would be hard to pull overland, across an almost roadless district, for food and ammunition. It is believed here, however, that all of the nations concerned in the Chinese affair will send naval squadrons to Shad Hai Quan for the winter and that the land and sea forces will keep in touch with one another. General Cluffe contemplates keeping a transport or dispatch boat there throughout the winter. He has referred the matter to General Humphrey, chief quartermaster, and the latter intends to visit the port and arrange for any plan that may be decided upon. If a boat is held there, one of the smaller American transports will probably be chosen.

The Americans, British, Japanese and Russians are thoroughly prepared for the rigors of winter, but some of the others have been slow in getting into shape. The Germans have a large force to care for, but they are still laying in proper transportation, and much of their supply of food and clothing has been slow in arriving. It has been stated that they intend to rely to a certain extent upon the country and that they feel certain of completing their work before winter settles down.

Winter will find the Americans thoroughly prepared. Every possible need of the garrison has received attention, and if there is any shortage or beggar it will arise from circumstances not now foreseen. There has been some objection to the decision of General Chaffee to keep his men in tents throughout the cold season, but the commander is quite sure that he is following the right plan. Most of the buildings available for barracks were unclean and generally unfit for housing troops. Chaffee felt that they would prove unhealthy and decided not to make the effort to put them to habitable shape. He has had experience before with winter garrisons and regards the tents as best. Large Sibley tents have been issued to the men, and a heating stove has been placed in each one. "They are warm and snug and will probably prove entirely satisfactory. The American transportation system, the organization of which was completed by General Humphrey, is capable of handling supplies for a force ten times as large as that which is to be retained here. It is acknowledged in its perfect state to be the best system here. The Americans were fortunate on their arrival to secure excellent landing and docking space at Tong Ku, and in the subsequent division of room at Tien-tsin the Americans took good care of themselves. General Humphrey secured a fleet of launches and small steamers and hundreds of lighters and junks. The wagon trains at Tien-tsin and

Tung Chao were increased and a perfect system established. Thousands of tons of stores that were not needed were landed at Taku, and many things that were not needed were dragged up the river in junks, but that was occasioned by the change in the size of the force of troops to be maintained here. The property is now being shipped to Manila and San Francisco, and the work of the quartermaster's department here is in that respect being done up. It is meeting the extra demand upon it, however, and will complete the task in good season. It is the intention of the Americans to hold on to their transportation facilities. They are willing to yield some of their space to the British when through with it, but on the understanding that it shall be given up in the spring.

A curious feature of the situation is that the Americans have been appealed to for assistance by practically every power here. The Germans offered fabulous figures for horses, mules, boats, wagons, saddles, food and clothing and endeavored to engage American transport masters and consulars to handle their trains. The British were anxious to secure food and clothing, and the commissary stores and quartermaster's sales could have had customers from all nations. As a rule, the Americans politely refused to part with any of their property to foreigners, but many exceptions were made, particularly in cases where there could be reciprocity for a former favor or where actual want could be relieved.

General policy has been against it, however, and, as stated, most of the applications have been rejected. General Humphrey has been assisted in his department by Major Alvah, Captain Byron, Captain Bernhardt, Captain Wood, Captain Franklin and Captain Ramsey, and the work they have all done has been excellent. The commissary department is in charge of Major Gallagher, and that, too, has done very satisfactory work. Both General Humphrey and Major Gallagher are to spend the winter at Peking with the garrison. They are still at Tien-tsin, where they have worked since their arrival, but the last shipments are ready to go up the river, and their work there is practically done.

The bulk of the American troops are to spend the winter at Camp Kelly, in the park of the Temple of Agriculture at Peking, and it is a model encampment. It is inclosed and sheltered, and there are suitable buildings for hospital, commissary, quartermaster headquarters, staff, postoffice and signal corps and ample room for the camps of the Ninth Infantry, Battery F, Fifth artillery, the squadron of the Sixth cavalry and wagon trains. The small detachments that will guard Lisian barracks at Tien-tsin and the posts at Tong Ku and Tung Chao will also have good camps.

There should be no exposure and suffering among the American troops, for the plans for their care have been comprehensive, and a general effort has been made by those intrusted with the work to properly carry them out. Some of the other troops may not fare so well, for they are not prepared as well as the Americans. One naval vessel, the Monocacy, is to winter in the river. A large mud drydock has been dug for her in the bank of the river below Tong Ku, and she will be doctored there within a few weeks. Commander Wise, her master, felt that it would be dangerous to permit her to be frozen up in the river, for she might be crushed or damaged in the break up.

### FOUND IN AN OLD STUMP.

Original Manuscript of the Book of Mormon Discovered.

Considerable excitement has been created recently in southern Illinois over a discovery made by Marshall Penrod, who lives on a farm close to the village of Dongola, in Union county, says a Carbondale (Ill.) dispatch to the Chicago Item-Ocean. Penrod in digging a black oak stump out of a potato field close to his residence found a stone which was about a foot long and eight inches in diameter. The peculiar shape of the stone, which resembled a pocketbook, attracted his attention, and upon close examination he found carved on its face in English the following words:

This stone contains the original manuscript of the book of Mormon.

The ravages of time had apparently made little headway on the stone, and upon close examination he found the stone was hollow. A hole had been drilled entirely through it, and at both ends red cedar plugs had been driven. Upon removing one of the plugs several sheets of paper containing writing in hieroglyphics that could not be deciphered were found. The characters are peculiar, following no known line of ancient writing.

At the bottom of the last page was found, written in English: "The finder of this manuscript will deliver the same to the elders of the Mormon church." The stone still remains with Mr. Penrod, and already communication has been made with the Salt Lake church, giving the incidents of the find. It is thought the Mormon church will take steps at once to secure the stone and also the manuscript.

### Alaska as a Grain Field.

Possibly the Dakota wheatfields may some day be rivaled in Alaska, says the New York Tribune. The government agent who has been investigating reports that grain can be grown with perfect success in a large part of what was once Seward's frozen folly.

### Highest Price For Stock Exchange

Robert D. Wrenn, who for years held the tennis championship of America, scored another championship the other day when he paid \$50,500 for a seat on the New York Stock Exchange, the highest price ever paid.

## NERVOUS WOMEN

CURED BY  
**Dr. Greene's NERVURA.**

nervous, and debilitated, tortured with female complaints, or racked by headache, neuralgia, backache, and kidney trouble. Here lies the great strain upon the nervous systems of women. They have little or no rest; their life is one continual round of work, duties here, duties there, duties without number. What wonder that such women go to bed at night fatigued, and wake tired and unrefreshed in the morning!

What women need is that great strengthener and invigorator of womankind, Dr. Greene's NERVURA blood and nerve remedy—that remedy which rebuilds health and strength, purifies and enriches the blood, gives strength and vigor to the nerves, and the strong vitality and energy to the system which will enable women to do their work and yet keep strong and well. It is this great medicine they need. Nothing else in the world can do its work.

MRS. M. D. PERKINS, of 100 G St., So. Boston, Mass., says: "I was completely run down and could not eat for the sight of food made me sick. I did not sleep at night and was as tired in the morning as when I retired at night. My head and back ached all the time. I was completely exhausted if I tried to do my housework, and could not walk without being dizzy. I was excessively nervous and very weak."

"Then I began to take Dr. Greene's NERVURA blood and nerve remedy, and I cannot say enough in its praise. I have not felt so well for years as I do at the present time, thanks to this splendid remedy."

"I can now eat and sleep soundly, walking mornings strong and refreshed. I do my housework, which is now a pleasure instead of a burden as formerly. My weight has increased about twelve pounds in the last two months. I would recommend any one afflicted as I have been to use this wonderful remedy."

**Dr. Greene Will Advise You Without Charge.**

The benefit of Dr. Greene's special advice is at the disposal of every sickly woman, and it is well to write for it or call and see Dr. Greene at his office, 35 W. 14th St., New York City. Doing so may shorten the time required for recovery of full strength, and give information which will guide light in the future. Absolute confidence is observed in all consultations, and no charge is made.



### To Memory of Oglethorpe.

Savannah is endeavoring to build a monument to General Oglethorpe, the founder of the Colony of Georgia. The Oglethorpe club of that city has subscribed \$500, following a subscription of \$1,000 by S. P. Shoder. The Georgia Secretary of the Sons of the Revolution has contributed \$500, and the Savannah City Council is expected to appropriate \$5,000 on condition that the state legislature contribute an equal amount.

### Builds and Frazzles Down.

William C. Whitney is continually spending some of his vast fortune in building or tearing down. He will give instructions for the erection of a stable for instance, after having carefully considered plans therefor. It is a safe bet that before the building is complete he will order it to be entirely removed. Hamilton McK. Twombly is another millionaire who is given to similar changes of mind.

### WHILE THERE IS LIFE THERE IS HOPE.

I was afflicted with catarrh; could neither taste nor smell and could hear but little. Ely's Cream Balm cured it.—Marcus G. Shantz, Rahway, N. J.

The Balm reached me safely and the effect is surprising. My son says the first application gave decided relief.—Respectfully, Mrs. Franklin Froeman, Dover, N. H.

The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50c, or mailed by Ely Brothers, 55 Warren street, New York.

### Uncle Sam Takes His Time.

Although it is some ten years since the city of East Saginaw ceased to exist the United States government has persisted in calling the customs station there the "port of East Saginaw," the protests of the people of the united Saginaws notwithstanding. At last, however, an official order has been issued changing the name of the port to correspond with that of the city.

## Bon Ami

Is the best window cleaner known. No slops and muss or dust created when used.

### NOTICE TO BOND BUYERS.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Education of Lima, Ohio, until 10 a. m. January 14th, 1901, and opened at 10 a. m. of the same day for the purchase of bonds of \$100 each, amounting to \$10,000, payable in January 1st, 1902. Interest at 5 per cent, payable semi-annually and mature at the rate of \$10,000 on January 1st, 1902. Proposals must state the full amount offered, including premium, and be accompanied by a certified check on a local bank for \$5000 as a guarantee that the bonds will be accepted at the price offered. Proposals to reject any and all proposals reserved. ABA 11/17/00, Clerk. Lima, Ohio December 14th, 1900.

### Richardson's Narrow Escape.

General Joseph Wheeler's successor in the house of representatives is William Richardson, who was once sentenced to be hanged as a Confederate spy by General Crittenden, but who was recaptured before the sentence could be executed.

### Prince Louis d'Orleans.

Prince Louis d'Orleans, whom the Paris Figaro charges with inciting a Royalist movement in France, has lately been living at York House, Twickenham, England. He is 35 years old and is the eldest son of the late Comte de Paris.

### BLOWN TO ATOMS.

The old idea that the body sometimes needs a powerful, drastic, purgative pill has been exploded; for Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless, gently stimulate liver and bowels to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure Constipation and Sick Headache. Only 25c at H. F. Vorkamp's drug store, cor. Main and North streets.

### Diaz Honors Cigarette Manufacturer.

A new cigarette factory was formally opened in the City of Mexico last month. President Diaz attended, giving a great throng of distinguished guests. The police turned out in dress uniforms. A company of infantry paraded.

### THE MOTHER'S FAVORITE.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the mother's favorite. It is pleasant and safe for children to take and always cures. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the best medicine made for these diseases. There is not the least danger in giving it to children for it contains no opium or other injurious drug and may be given as confidently to a babe as to an adult. For sale by all druggists.



of Wright's Celery Tea will soothe your nerves, induce sleep, give you an appetite—promote sound health. All the medicinal properties of fresh celery combined with other curative agents in a palatable beverage. Regulates the system, purifies the blood, cures rheumatism, clears the complexion, etc. and gives a box. As druggists or by mail.

The Wright Medical Co., Columbus, Ohio.

**One Cup Every Night**

**WRIGHT'S CELERY TEA**

## BARGAIN HUNTERS.

Gum Mix Candy Reduced 5c.  
Home Made Mix Reduced 7c.  
All others in proportion.

Oranges, Malaga Grapes at Reduced Prices.

JAMES S. SMITH. GROCER. PHONE 127.

**EVERY WOMAN**

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills are the most reliable, most effective, and most pleasant of all the pills for women. They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sold for \$1.00 per box. For Sale by Wm. Melville, corner of Main and High Sts.

## FREE MESSENGER SERVICE.

Your ad carried FREE to The Times Democrat by A. D. T. Messenger.

CALL—The Times-Democrat or American District Telegraph Office.

Messengers furnished for all other purposes, by A. D. T. Co., at a nominal charge.

## WHEN INSURED IN THE "NORTHWESTERN"

YOU CAN REST ASSURED THAT YOU ARE REINSURED.

## O'CONNER BROS.

GENERAL AGENTS O'Conner Block, Lima, O.

R. E. DAVIS, E. L. THOMAS, Special Agents

## "SAN FELICE"

Is the cigar you should choose as a holiday gift. Do not make the mistake of buying cigars haphazard.

The "San Felice" is a perfect cigar, tried by time and proved by America's most fastidious and exacting smokers. You can make no mistake in choosing it, as it perfectly suits the tastes of all smokers and will be received with delight instead of suspicion.

Everybody knows how good the "San Felice" cigar is. For gift purposes the "San Felice" in boxes can be obtained at all our dealers.

For sale everywhere.

HENRY DEISEL & CO.  
LIMA, OHIO.

## Talking Machines

### Special Prices.

Graphophones \$5 to \$50, complete stock records.

Edison Phonographs at closing out prices.

Violins, Banjos, Guitars and Mandolins AT COST. See our stock.

**B. S. PORTER & SON,**

141 South Main Street.

## NO. 54.

Best Side Public Square.

**PRIST GLASS DRUG SHOP**

Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting and Dressing. Special room for ladies' hair dressing.

A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor.

## COMPLETE FILIPINO VILLAGE

That at Pan-American Fair Will Be Very Interesting to Tourists.

Ground was broken a few days since for the Filipino village at the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo next summer, and "Pony" Moore, a well known newspaper correspondent, has started for the Philippines, where he will get together material for this feature of the Midway. It is expected that a whole vessel will be required to bring to this side of the Pacific the native Filipinos, the cattle, utensils, tools and various objects which will be used in creating a representation of actual life in this most interesting new possession of the United States. The Filipino village will occupy 11 acres of land on the Pan-American Midway, and the population of the village will be about 100, ranging from old folks to babies in arms.

On the right of the entrance will be an adobe tower with thatched roof, a representation of the Spanish water tower which marked the water butters at the entrance to Manila harbor. On the left will be a facsimile of the signal tower that loomed above Fort Cavite and which was wrecked by shells from Dewey's fleet. Between these points will be a covered walkway and bamboo fences. Canvases and lantern sail boats will drift upon a placid lake fed by a cataract with a fall of 45 feet. There will be a market square, a Filipino church and many dwellings for the natives, in which they will live just as they do in the Philippine Islands. All the tribes of the different islands will be represented in the village, and the scene will be most picturesque.

In front of the village will be a military guard of United States soldiers to give a military glamour to the scene. There will be a theater with a capacity for seating 1,000 people. Performances will be given daily by the natives. Every visitor will want to see this Filipino village and thus witness scenes true to life in the islands which have now become an important part of the possessions of the United States.

## BLOWING UP OLD GUNS.

Parrots and Other Old Ordnance Destroyed Daily Near Heading, Pa.

Two carloads of old time Parrott and other style army and navy guns arrived recently at the "Five Forts of Warwick" near Heading, Pa., to be blown to pieces with dynamite. "The Forts" are unusually long this winter, and the dynamite resembles an all day, bright, crackling that is heard for miles, says the New York Sun. Bland and Bruster are operating the forts, blowing up iron and steel castings to be used for remodeling. During the civil war these big guns were used as pivot ordnance on the best ships of the United States navy, and they are now being torn to pieces with dynamite. They weigh from 12 to 25 tons. Carloads of guns are received at Reading from Sandy Hook and other Atlantic seaports to be blown up at Fox Hill, in Warwick township, Chester county.

Six men are employed in the log forts in a ravine far from human habitation. They make about 250 blasts a day, consuming tons of dynamite a month. Each blast is like the roar of heavy artillery. The heavy timber forts are 24 feet square, and the sides are heaped high with earth. First the guns and castings are received and unloaded from the flat cars. They are next rolled into the forts and drilled by steam power. The middle fort is used as a place of refuge for the men during the firing. When all is ready, an electric wire touches off the blast, and the flying steel is kept in a narrow space and prevented from being hurled into the air. The broken steel is kept at the forts until the owners order the shipments to purchasers. Accidents are very rare. Armor plate is shattered as easily as the biggest cannon.

## Keep Your Blankets

as soft as new, by washing them in

**GOLD DUST**  
Washing Powder

## CATCHING LIONS.

Natives Who Formerly Caught Them by Their Tails.

A Mr. Freeman, who visited South Africa in the first half of the century, was able to gather much information about life and sport in that country. He gives his authority for a most singular mode of attack upon the lion. Mr. Lemue, who formerly resided at Mottito, and is familiar with the Kalahari country, assured me that the remarkable accounts, sometimes circulated as to the people of that part of Africa catching lions by the tail, and of which, I confess, I was very incredulous, were perfectly true. He well knows that the method prevailed, and was certainly not uncommon among the people. Lions would sometimes become extremely dangerous. Having become accustomed to human flesh, they would not willingly eat anything else. When a neighborhood became infested, the men would determine on the measures to be adopted to rid themselves of the nuisance. Then, forming themselves into a band, they would proceed in search of their royal foe. As the men stood close by one another, the lion would make a spring on some one of the party—every man, of course, hoping that he might escape the attack—when instantly others would dash forward and seize his tail close to the body, lifting him up with all their might. Thus they not only astonished the animal and took him absolutely off his guard, but they rendered his efforts powerless for the moment. Other men closed in with their spears, and pierced the monster through and through. All this was done, not for the exciting pleasure of a lion-hunt nor as an exhibition of prowess, but to rid the neighborhood of the villages of a dreadful enemy, and to save the men themselves from becoming in their turn the breakfast or the supper of this monarch of the desert.—Youths' Companion.

## What Shall We Have for Desert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer today. Try Jell-O, a delicious desert. Prepared in two minutes. No baking! Add hot water and set to cool. Flavors—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10c. 5.

## WIT AND WISDOM.

You can never worst an ignorant man in an argument.

The contented blacksmith is nearly always striking for wages.

Keep your chin up. (If you are a woman, you won't have to be told so.)

A man who risks nothing accumulates a beautiful supply of the same.

The loud and senseless talk of man is but an imitation of a donkey's braying.

Only a few of the things we want are absolutely necessary to our welfare.

If a woman had a sense of humor sometimes she would seem more human.

Man isn't the only animal that lives off his relations. There is the anteater.

An old bachelor says that ideas are like whiskers—women and dudes never have them.

Get a woman good and mad and she will tell you everything she knows about you that you didn't know she knew before.

If women were half as sweet as they think they are, all the men would hug up to them all the time and not do any work.

A man is a fool to be jealous of a good woman, and he is a fool to be jealous of a worthless one. Now draw your own conclusion.

The St. Louis barber who planned a newspaper around a customer's neck and gave him a towel to read was just a trifle absent-minded.

The most sensible woman in the world will talk baby talk to her husband and say "Bess his ole heart!" long after he has got baldheaded.

A writer says that without women the world would be a perfect blank, like a sheet of paper—not even ruled. It isn't necessary to mention the sex of the writer.

It is not the cares of today, but the cares of tomorrow that weigh a man down. For the needs of today we have corresponding strength given.

For the morrow we are told to trust. It is not ours yet.—G. Macdonald.

## TO CURE A COUGH

stop coughing, as it irritates the lungs, and gives them no chance to heal.

Foley's Honey and Tar cures without causing a strain in throwing off the mucus like common cough expectorants.

A. F. Vorkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

## JANUARY MAGAZINES.

Some Interesting Extracts From Various Publications.

## BOSTON'S LARGE RESERVOIR.

When Finished, It Will Be Biggest of Its Kind in the World—How to Reform China—Edison Thinks Electricity Should Be Part of Regular Course in Schools.

"Operations are in progress today near Boston which will ultimately give to that city the proud distinction of possessing the greatest reservoir of pure drinking water in the world," writes L. H. Lewis in *Alhambra's Magazine* for January. "Moreover, when present plans have been realized Boston can safely claim that she has accomplished more, has looked farther in the future and has had a stronger regard for the health and welfare of her citizens than any other city either in this country or abroad. These are strong words, but they are amply borne out by facts."

"Few people, even those in and about Boston, realize the enormous extent of the new waterworks system inaugurated in 1895 and now well on toward completion. They know that a law was passed five years ago placing the existing system in the hands of a commission called the metropolitan water board and that something is being done to bring water from the vicinity of Clinton, Mass., but the true condition of affairs is practically unknown. It will surprise even those who should be personally interested to learn that within half a decade the greatest reservoir ever built will be in operation within 32 miles of Boston."

"It will be even a greater surprise for them to learn that when the system now under construction is finished not only Boston, but also the cities of Chelsea, Everett, Malden, Medford, Newton and Somerville and the towns of Belmont, Hyde Park, Melrose, Revere, Watertown and Winthrop, constituting what is known as the metropolitan water district, will be kept amply supplied with water, notwithstanding the natural increase in population, until 1950. It is this half century step into the future that will give Boston the well earned reputation of providing for her people according to their honest needs and their desires."

"The magnitude of the new waterworks system is impressive. It will include, as stated before, the largest reservoir for potable water in the world, a great aqueduct and a system of distribution constructed on modern principles. To prove the gigantic nature of the reservoir it is only necessary to state that its capacity will reach the enormous extent of 43,000,000,000 gallons, or almost twice as much as the new Croton reservoir near New York city. The building of this reservoir means the flooding of a valley 32 miles from Boston, the complete or partial submergence of two thriving towns and the changing of a well known railway's right of way through the valley. The increased supply of water to be derived by the metropolitan district will be better understood when it is known that this new Washington reservoir will have more than four times the capacity of all the existing Boston waterworks reservoirs combined."

"What the Government Costs" is told by Carroll D. Wright in the January Century. A very large proportion of the annual expenses is for pensions, the largest single expense of the federal government. This expenditure was the largest in 1893, when it amounted to \$159,337,557.87. The smallest expenditure since that period was in 1899, when it was \$139,324,929.07. For 1900 it was \$140,577,315. The pension burden in 1893 was \$2.27 per capita, while during the last fiscal year it was \$1.84, which the people of the United States pay to carry out the promises made at the time of the civil war.

The expenses of the war department were the largest in the history of the country in 1865, when they exceeded \$1,000,000,000. In 1871, when the effects of the war and reconstruction had virtually passed away, they were reduced to \$37,099,992. They varied from that period, never exceeding \$9,500,000, until 1891, when they were over \$4,500,000. This point was not reached again until the first year of the Spanish war (1898), when they were nearly \$92,000,000. They were almost \$250,000,000 in 1899, but for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1899, were reduced to \$134,774,767.

The navy department expended in 1871 nearly \$19,500,000. The expenditures varied until 1897, when they were over \$34,500,000; in 1898, nearly \$59,000,000; in 1899, nearly \$64,000,000, and for the fiscal year 1900 \$55,953,078. The expenditures on account of the Indians grew gradually from the first half of the century until they reached the highest point in 1893, when they were \$13,345,347.27; they are now over \$10,000,000. The greatest expenditure for interest of the public debt was in 1867, being \$143,781,592. This payment gradually decreased until 1892, when it was \$23,373,116.23. It has been gradually increasing since that time, until for the fiscal year 1900 it was \$40,160,233.

The expenditures for civil and miscellaneous items, including the expenses of congress and of all the departments and offices in Washington other than the war and navy departments and the payments that have already been noted, were in 1871 nearly \$60,500,000. There was not very much change in this amount until 1885, when it reached \$75,500,000, and in 1891 over \$110,000,000. The highest amount paid on this account was in 1898, when

it was \$119,191,250. For 1900 it was reduced to over \$103,773,190.

Strong as she is physically and mentally as regards determination, it is scarcely to be expected that the empress dowager, now 65 years old, will long survive the incredible hardships of a journey of more than 600 miles, says R. Van Bergen in the January Atlantic. Yet the same danger besets Kwang Su, whose health was at no time good. The question is if her death would in any way alter the circumstances or affect China's future. But from her life the lesson may be learned that no law, however sacred it may be, is considered inviolable in the Middle Kingdom, and that, aided by loyal viceroy, the regeneration of China may be initiated and directed from Peking, without any serious opposition, so long as local interests and traditions are not ruthlessly touched.

While among nations of the occident reforms usually begin among the people, the recent history of Japan is ample proof that the reverse is the case in the orient. That same history demonstrates the feasibility of gradually infusing new life and aims of life by influencing the literati who stand between the throne and the people and exert no little pressure upon both. Their number, small if compared with the dense population, renders such regeneration feasible. A gradual change in the programme of the trigonometric examinations and a liberal revision of the salary list, together with the abolition of the fee system, should limit the attempts at reform during at least one decade. Watching the effect thus produced, further measures tending toward the same direction might be inaugurated; but, if looking toward the wealth concealed within China's soil, violent means are adopted either to reach those treasures or to introduce reforms having in view the same end, the whole of China may be roused to a war compared to which the late Boxer movement was mere child's play.

Li Hung Chang's American secretary, William N. Petibick, who wrote in the December Century of the siege of the legation, is himself the subject of a paragraph in another account of the siege which appears in the January number of the magazine.

Here is Mr. Petibick's description of a Chinese soldier, which he made to me while ours were drilling in the compound: "The Chinese will go out to war with his fan in one hand, his birdcage in the other and his paper umbrella over his shoulder. At night, no matter how bright a moonlight there may be, instead of the umbrella he will carry a lighted lantern." Mr. Petibick was Li Hung Chang's private secretary and interpreter and expected to follow him to Canton. He has been here over 20 years and is very fond of the Chinese and is perfectly devoted to Li Hung Chang. One of his special duties as private secretary was to read him to sleep every night.

Mr. Conger relates a little incident which happened to Li when he came here to call on the minister. On entering the drawing room his valet let go of his arm to pass through a narrow door. Li stumbled and fell his whole length into the room. This was very mortifying to him, and he turned and remarked to the valet, "I will throw you into boiling water when we get home." Mr. Petibick and Mr. Chesbro, the interpreter, both Americans, came together to China as young men. They lived and dressed like the natives, even wearing cues, so as to be better able to mix with them and study the language.

Thomas A. Edison makes some predictions for electricity in an article contributed by him to January Success. He says:

Not only as a motive power for massive enterprises will electricity find uses during the coming half century, but it will also be applied to the "greater sciences," if I may use the term. By this I mean surgery, optics and astronomy, but greater minds than mine must dwell on this particular branch of electrical usage. Already we have surgical instruments that are being operated by electricity with gratifying success; indeed, they have gone beyond the experimental stage. It will find a large field in the operation of manufacturing machinery, as the Niagara Falls plant shows, and it may even extend to the airship, but I think it best to confine its uses to the earth, until these uses have been exhausted.

Electricity as a science should be made one of the several studies in every school in the land. It should rank with spelling and arithmetic, for the more it is used the more potent it becomes as an important element in all of the world's general affairs, and its value in connection with practical business and business affairs cannot be given too prominent a place in America's future.

## Reign of Salt.

Salt, O lovely salt!  
I sing in praise of thee!  
O succor for the old and halt,  
Salt of the earth and sea.  
Too long ignored, despised, passed by  
As only for the cows to lick,  
Let a clarion cry  
Be raised for thee by the bent and sick!

O salt, let us put thee even o'er  
Extract of malt.

And, smacking thy pure crystals, nap no more  
And never more seek founts of youth  
Have in the barrel where thou art congealed,  
Since thou dost dull the tooth.

The angry tooth, of Time and wield  
A power from which pale Death shrinks back in  
Dread.

As does the stoner when his fault  
Is berisled.

O salt!  
Come, let us drink round the lowly pickling vat  
And scrape the sides and lick our fingers then  
And laud the new salvation that  
Has come to men.

And shout and sing  
And start the great revolt  
That shall deliver disease and bring  
The reign of salt!

—S. S. Klier in Chicago Times-Herald.

## HELP FOR WOMEN

WHO ARE ALWAYS TIRED.

"I do not feel very well, I am so tired all the time. I do not know what is the matter with me."  
You hear these words every day; as often as you meet your friends just so often are these words repeated. More than likely you speak the same significant words yourself, and no doubt you do feel far from well most of the time. Mrs. Ella Rice, of Chelsea, Wis., whose portrait we publish, writes that she suffered for two years with bearing-down pains, headache, backache, and had all kinds of miserable feelings, all of which was caused by falling and inflammation of the womb, and after doctoring with physicians and numerous medicines she was entirely cured by



Mrs. Ella Rice

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you are troubled with pains, fainting spells, depression of spirits, reluctance to go anywhere, headache, backache, and always tired, please remember that there is an absolute remedy which will relieve you of your suffering as it did Mrs. Rice. Proof is made by the fact that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the greatest medicine for suffering women. No other medicine has made the cures that it has, and no other woman has helped so many women by direct advice as has Mrs. Pinkham; her experience is greater than that of any living person. If you are sick, write and get her advice; her address is Lynn, Mass.

## Colored Women at Night School.

Thirteen colored women, whose ages range from 35 to 75, are attending night school in Jersey City and taking their first lessons in reading. Several of the older women were born in slavery and some of these have become sufficiently accomplished to read a simple history of the United States with its record of the emancipation of their race.

## Stamp Dance of Indians.

The Chickasaw Indians recently danced the stamp dance near Ercot in the Indian territory, to ward off the evil spirits. Hundreds witnessed this novel affair. The Indians were watched closely for fear that the dance might end in disturbances which would prove dangerous to settlers in the vicinity of the red men.

## Consumption Threatened.

O. Unger, 212 Maple street, Champlain, Ill., writes: "I was troubled with a hacking cough for a year and I thought I had the consumption. I tried a great many remedies and was under the care of physicians for several months. I used one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar. It cured me, and I have not been troubled since." H. F. Vorkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

## Punish Cost \$100,000.

All the damage claims have been settled arising from the street railway accident at Tacoma, Wash., on the Fourth of July when a loaded car plunged 40 feet high into a gulch, killing forty-five persons and injuring 105 others. The total settlement cost \$100,000.

## A DEEP MYSTERY.

It is a mystery why women endure Backache, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Phoebe Cherley, of Peterson, Ia., "and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and, although 73 years old, I now am able to do my housework." It overcomes Constipation, Improves Appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50c at H. F. Vorkamp's drug store, cor. Main and North sts.

## "Do Sad Becomingly."

The woman who is in mourning is at the home show every day. She is always stylishly and attractively dressed. "For," as the famous modiste said, "if we are young and must be sad, let us be sad becomingly."—New York Times.

## Distinguished Judges of Debate.

The judges of the recent Yale-Harvard debate held in Cambridge were William D. Hornblower of New York, Judge Addison Brown of the United States district court and Oscar S. Straus, United States minister to Turkey.

## It's dangerous

to trifle with a cold,

Use

**DR. JAMES' CHERRY TAR SYRUP.**

Pleasant to take—never fails

to cure.

At drug stores.

25 cents a bottle.



## THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT

Organ of the Democracy of Lima and Allen County.

Issued Every Evening Except Sunday.

The Times-Democrat Publishes Co.

## ALL THE NEWS.

THE SUPERIOR TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE OF THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT IS DUE TO THE FACT THAT THIS PAPER PUBLISHES THE DISPATCHES OF EVERY PRESS ASSOCIATION COVERING THIS FIELD TO WITH THE ASSOCIATED PRESS. THE SHREPP-MORAE PRESS ASSOCIATION AND THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION. FOR ALL THE CABLES AND TELEGRAPHIC NEWS UP TO 2 P. M. EVERY DAY READ THE DAILY TIMES-DEMOCRAT, AND GET ALL THE NEWS SENT OUT BY THESE NEWS-COLLECTING AGENCIES.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,  
No. 231 North Main Street, Lima, O.  
TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

## SUBSIDY LIKELY TO BE SIDE-TRACKED.

The failure of the ship subsidy scheme to pass the bill through the senate before the holidays has in all probability killed it for the session. It still holds its place as "unfinished business," but there is other legislation of greater moment which is impeded by its further consideration. The administration, doubtless favors ship subsidies, but it shall be reduced to a choice between the failure of the subsidy bill and the army bill. It will choose the least hazardous alternative. Subsidies may be readily postponed; the enlargement of the army cannot be delayed without danger of disaster in the Philippines when the volunteers shall have been sent home in June.

It would be far better if the plundering subsidy proposition could be voted upon and defeated; but as defeat is improbable, the people of the United States will have reason to be thankful for the exigency which leads to postponement.—Philadelphia Record.

One of the subterfuges of the tariff makers intended to close the eye of the American farmers is the imposition of duties on agricultural products, of which there is always a surplus in the country and for which markets must be found in other countries. Experiments with Russian seed wheat sown by the farmers in Kansas have resulted in a largely increased yield, as compared with home grown seed. As a result the Kansas millers desire to import a cargo of Russian wheat for seed purposes, to be sold at cost. But they are deterred from making the venture by the Dingley tariff rate of 25 cents per bushel. Representative Bowersock, of Kansas, has asked Secretary Gage to permit the entry of the cargo free of duty; but the secretary will hardly be able to find authority for remission, desirable as such action would undoubtedly be.

It has often been said of the tariff duties on wheat, corn, potatoes and like farm products that their object was to protect the farmer when he stood in no need of protection and to plunder him when he had occasion to buy in foreign markets. In this instance the Kansas farmers have an interesting object lesson in the working of the protective principle as applied to them.

When the South African war began Salisbury's ministry asked a credit of \$50,000,000, saying that this would be ample to see the enterprise through. After fourteen months of operation and the expenditure of four times the original credit the ministry has been allowed \$27,000,000. The British taxpayers for many years is to remember the great glory Chamberlain brought to the empire.

The shadow of a hand, with the forefinger raised in warning, is said to be visible on one of the big pillars of the White House portico whenever the sun shines on it. Perhaps it is in fact to warn Mr. McKinley of an adverse decision of the supreme court on the constitutionality of his colonial policy.

The only beet sugar refinery in Ohio is at Fremont. It is claimed that during the season 200 men have been employed; 22,000 tons of beets have

been converted into 8,000,000 pounds of granulated sugar; \$150,000 has been paid out to Sandusky county farmers, and \$300,000 expended for the factory.

If a few owners shall be enabled to send out empty ships and still make money where will be the inducement to capitalists generally to go into the shipping business? It seems to us that this latest scheme of coddling is a plan to make a healthy development of American shipping impossible.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. R. C. Jones has returned from a pleasant visit at Terre Haute and Clinton, Ind., where she was the guest of her son and daughter.

Mrs. Joseph Uhlman and daughter, of Appleton, Wis., are visiting Mrs. Uhlman's brother, Sam Weinfield, and wife, of West Springfield.

Bartholomew Shine and daughter, Miss Julia, have returned to their home in Cleveland, after a pleasant visit with his brother, Jerome Shine, of North Main street.

Jos. McGoff, James Daley and J. A. Dimond returned to Dayton today, to continue their college course.

B. E. O'Connor and James Higgins both returned yesterday afternoon to Cleveland, to resume their studies. J. H. A. O'Connor returned today to Cincinnati, to resume his studies.

A. B. Gray went to Lima today, where he will locate and open a dental office.—Kenton Republican.

Miss Minnie Lenore Herschberg spent New Year's day in Ada, the guest of friends.

Mrs. Wille, of Dayton, spent New Year's day with her daughter, Mrs. Dehanser, of Greenlawn avenue.

Prof. George Bishop, who has leased Wheeler's hall for dancing lessons, has organized a class at Delphos and will make regular visits there.

L. J. Feadock went to St. Marys and New Bremen, this morning on business.

W. J. Jordan left last night on a business trip to Hume and Wapakoneta.

Mrs. Anselman and mother, Mrs. Pfeiffer, of Heppburn, O., spent New Year's day the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Mohr, of south West street. They returned home yesterday.

Mrs. John Mohr, of south West street, is visiting friends at Pfeiffer, Ohio.

Miss Lucy Keller, of Ford City, Pa., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Meubling, of Holly street.

## BRITISH EVACUATE.

Capetown, Jan. 3.—The British have evacuated Paumotu and Jagersfontein in the south-western free state, with a view of concentration.

Chinamen Nabbed.  
Plattsburg, N. Y., Jan. 3.—Eight Chinamen arrested at North Burke, near Malone, N. Y., Dec. 23, and four others arrested at the same place on New Year's day for alleged illegal entry into the United States, were brought here and arraigned before United States Commissioner Woodward. Four Chinamen were arrested at Swanton, Vt., and two others at St. Albans, Vt., this week, on similar charges. All these Chinamen started from Montreal.

Locomotive Building.  
New York, Jan. 3.—The locomotive works as well as the car shops in this country are overwhelmed with orders. President Callaway of the New York Central railroad says he is having difficulty in arranging for delivery of new locomotives, urgently needed on the Central system, before next fall. As many as possible of the 100 new locomotives authorized by the board of directors are to be made in the New York Central shops.

To Aid the Belgians.  
Pittsburg, Jan. 3.—The American Windowglass Workers' association has voted an assessment of one-half of 1 per cent of the weekly earnings of the members to aid the striking windowglass workers in Belgium. The assessment will yield \$800 a week, which will be cable to the strikers. The manufacturers are also said to be contributing to the support of the strikers.

Self-Defense.  
Pine Bluff, Ark., Jan. 3.—Charles C. Morschheimer, a traveling salesman of this city, shot and killed Charles Bradley, proprietor of the Bradley House at Hamburg. The killing was the result of an attack made by Bradley on Morschheimer with an iron window weight. Morschheimer was exonerated at his trial. He suffered a painful injury from Bradley's attack.

Venezuelan Revolution.  
San Juan de Porto Rico, Jan. 3.—Passengers who arrived here from La Guayra Dec. 30 say a serious revolution has broken out in the Maracibo district of Venezuela. They said that the government troops have defeated the rebels and arrested 20 of the leaders. Another rising is reported to have occurred in the vicinity of the Orinoco.

Freya Again Honored.  
Augusta, Me., Jan. 3.—United States Senator William F. Frye was unanimously renominated by the Republican joint caucus held in the hall of the house of representatives. The warm eulogies of Mr. Frye were all colored with kindly expressions of sympathy for him in the recent loss of his wife. The nomination was made by a rising vote.

Corralled Wu Ting Fang.  
Albany, Jan. 3.—Mr. Wu Ting Fang will be the guest of the State Bar association here on Jan. 15-16 during its annual meeting. He is to speak before the association on the subject of "Chinese Jurisprudence."

England and Portugal.  
Lisbon, Jan. 3.—King Charles, in his speech at the opening of the cortes, said: "The Queen of England was pleased to send recently to Lisbon a powerful squadron on a special mission. This was extremely agreeable to me and will be equally so to you. The presence of this great squadron signally emphasized the solemn affirmation then made of the close friendship and alliance which unites the two nations." The speech also dwells on the financial difficulties of the government on account of the deficits, and urges economy.

Stabbed by a Woman.  
New York, Jan. 3.—Because the moving of furniture of tenants made much noise, Alfred Roe went to the hall of the house where he lived, and after getting into a quarrel with Mrs. Josephine Eagan, who lives in the same house, was fatally stabbed by her in the neck and abdomen. Mrs. Eagan was arrested and taken to court, where she is held pending the outcome of Roe's wounds.

Killed a Deputy.  
Sparta, Minn., Jan. 3.—While attempting to escape a quarantine which had been laid upon a loggers' camp three miles from this place a lumberman shot and instantly killed one of the deputies engaged in guard duty. Smallpox had broken out in the camp, where 100 men are employed, and a force of 20 men are patrolling the place to prevent the escape of any of those quarantined.

Despondent Girl's Plunge.  
Muncie, Ind., Jan. 3.—Despondent over a love affair, Miss Alice Runcie, 29, jumped into a cistern. She was pulled out after she had stood in the cold water for nearly an hour. Her condition is serious and she may not recover. The girl makes her home with the family of Dr. L. L. Ball.

Overcome by Gas.  
Philadelphia, Jan. 3.—James W. Priestley, founder of the James W. Priestley carpet mills, was asphyxiated by illuminating gas at the home of his son, John W. Priestley. He was 52 years old. Charles Priestley, a grandson, was also overcome by the gas, but his life was saved.

A Sad Affair.  
Columbus, Ga., Jan. 3.—William Rutledge shot and killed George Bass, 14, who had playfully put a sack over his head and gone to the Rutledge home to frighten the children. Rutledge did not know who Bass was.

## IT'S WITH US AGAIN.

Congress Convenes at Noon After the Brief Holiday Recess.

FAIR ATTENDANCE OF THE MEMBERS.

Army Reorganization and Ship Subsidy in the Senate, Reapportionment in the House.

Washington News.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The senate convened at noon after the holiday recess. There was a fair attendance.

The general expectation is that the first few days of the time of the senate will be devoted to consideration of the army reorganization bill, but there is some disposition to make an arrangement for a division of time that will permit of the continued presentation of the ship subsidy bill during a part of each day.

In the House.  
Washington, Jan. 3.—The house probably will dispose of the reapportionment bill this week, although Chairman Burton of the river and harbor committee is inclined to contest the right of way with the census committee. A very determined fight will be made against this bill by members from states which lose representatives under it, and Mr. Hopkins desires a full house when the vote is taken. He is confident that his measure will carry with a full attendance. The house convened at noon after the holiday recess, but the session was brief.

Trouble Averted.  
Washington, Jan. 3.—Minister Loomis at Caracas has advised the state department that the impending trouble over the conflicting asphalt concessions has been thwarted for the present. It is gathered that the minister has induced the Venezuelan authorities to suspend arbitrary action looking toward the expropriation of some of the concessions until there can be had a calm, judicial determination of the merits of the conflicting claims. It is probable the arrival of the gunboat Scorpion at La Guayra has been a potent influence in bringing about this present stay of proceedings.

Social Season Opened.  
Washington, Jan. 3.—The social season of the new year at the White House was opened Wednesday night when President and Mrs. McKinley gave a dinner in honor of the cabinet and their ladies. The table, set in the shape of a double T in the state dining room, presented an attractive appearance. The prevailing decorations were pinks and begonias with ferns. The Marine band furnished the music. Many senators and representatives were present.

Consul Willman to Return.  
Washington, Jan. 3.—United States Consul Willman at Hongkong has been granted a leave of absence and will return to the United States immediately for the benefit of his health.

Arrived With the Coin.  
Washington, Jan. 3.—Word was received at the war department that the transport Meade, which carried a large amount of specie from San Francisco, arrived at Manila on the 31st ult.

Ruling on Old Books.  
Chicago, Jan. 3.—To clean old books, to trim the edges of the leaves and to rebind them is held by the United States circuit court of appeals to be no invasion of the right of a person holding the copyright for the books. The ruling was announced by Judges Wood, Jenkins and Grosscup in reversing an order of the lower court, which has granted a restraining order against G. B. Doan and Hart Hanson, on motion of the American Book company.

Northern Pacific Operators.  
St. Paul, Jan. 3.—The grievance committee of the Northern Pacific telegraphers is still in St. Paul, but most of the members will probably leave at the end of the week. A report was current that the Northern Pacific officials had stated definitely that they would not grant the 10 per cent increase in wages asked for, and that all the conferences with the telegraphers were practically at an end. The operators refused to talk.

Daughter Wants a Show.  
Kingston, N. Y., Jan. 3.—Miss Frances Roberts of Highland has commenced proceedings to have her father, Charles H. Roberts, a wealthy retired dentist, declared incompetent, claiming he is lavishly dealing out his fortune to one son. Dr. Roberts is over 80 years old and his fortune amounts to \$2,000,000, acquired largely by speculation in railroad bonds.

Docks Still Burning.  
Sheboygan, Wis., Jan. 3.—Fire in the coal at the C. Reiss coal company's docks is still burning, though a dozen streams of water have been continually thrown upon the debris since Monday. The loss will foot up over \$200,000, while the insurance will be far less than that amount. There are 45,000 tons of coal on the dock.

Accidental Killing.  
Bellaire, O., Jan. 3.—William Danford accidentally shot and killed William Burgly, 16, at Allendonia, O. They were in a blacksmith shop when, through the careless handling of a gun, it was discharged and Burgly received the contents.

Trolley in Porto Rico.  
San Juan de Porto Rico, Jan. 3.—Thousands of people witnessed the starting of the new trolley system, the island's first road of that description. The people were much astonished.

## FRIENDS HAVE HIM.

Pat Crowe Said to be Headed Toward the Hole-in-the-Wall.

Chadron, Neb., Jan. 3.—It was reported that the two officers who were reported to have captured Pat Crowe, the alleged abductor of young Edward Cudahy of Omaha, while endeavoring to make good his escape across the Pine Ridge country, were frustrated by Crowe's friends and sympathizers, many of whom live near the agency. Crowe's friends are said to be spirited him away to the hole-in-the-wall country in Wyoming, where he is to join an old-time friend and cattleman.

Kidnaping Bills.  
Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 3.—Senator Hanson of Omaha introduced in the state senate a bill to make kidnaping under certain conditions punishable by death. It provides for three grades of punishment. For simple kidnaping, time to five years in the penitentiary; for kidnaping and extorting money, a life term in prison, and for kidnaping and threatening injury to the victim, hanging. Three other bills bearing on kidnaping, and not greatly differing in phrasing, were introduced.

Cashier Money Marked.  
Dallas, Tex., Jan. 3.—All the banks in Dallas received descriptions of the money paid by Mr. Cudahy at Omaha for the ransom of his son. It is claimed that marks were placed on the money by which to identify it. When any of it is attempted to be passed the arrest of the person or persons offering the marked money is to follow. Banks throughout the United States and Canada and Mexico have received similar notice.

Another Threatening Letter.  
Omaha, Jan. 3.—Another letter printed with a lead pencil was received by E. A. Cudahy demanding the withdrawal of the reward for the kidnapers. The fact that the address was printed in similar style to the former ones gives rise to the suspicion before it was opened that it was from the same source, but Mr. Cudahy stated that he did not attach the slightest significance to it.

Pat's Brother Missed.  
Omaha, Jan. 3.—Edward A. Cudahy, Jr., when asked to identify J. J. Crowe as one of the men who kidnaped him, said: "I never saw that man before. He is not the one who stood guard over me and he had nothing at all to do with the kidnaping. I didn't see him." Crowe was taken before Judge Larn for a hearing, and as no charge was preferred the court dismissed the case. Crowe was arrested as a suspect.

Anna Covers It.  
Baltimore, Jan. 3.—Anna Held, who is filling an engagement here this week, announced that she was in cable communication with Mme. Adeline Patti, looking to the purchase of the latter's estate, Craig-Y-Nos. Miss Held has offered \$500,000 for the estate. From the tenor of the cable message received by Miss Held, the diva seems anxious that Miss Held should become the purchaser.

Singular Fatality.  
Portsmouth, O., Jan. 3.—Josie Monk, a young daughter of this county, was instantly killed while endeavoring to drive under an archway on a load of baled hay. He leaped his head in order to pass through safely, but his body became wedged in between the arch and the hay and his neck and back were broken in several places.

Suits Signed.  
Pittsburg, Jan. 3.—The workers at the plant of the National Steel company at Sharon, Pa., signed the new scale for 1901, which provides for a reduction of 10 per cent. About 400 men were affected. It is said that new scales for all the nonunion mills are now being prepared by the company.

Charged With Bigamy.  
New York, Jan. 3.—George W. Howard, a consulting engineer of Boston, who has made his home in this city about a year, was arrested in this city on a warrant charging him with bigamy. It is alleged that he has two wives, one in Boston and the other in Brooklyn.

The Weather.  
Indications for Friday—Generally fair; variable winds.

THE MEAT OF IT.  
Interesting News Notes From All Quarters of the Globe.

Secretary Hay Ill. Cold.  
Joseph McMillan, 24, killed by a train at Benwood, W. Va.

British ships Andra and Rathdowne reported lost in the Pacific.  
Farman and Joseph Carr, 24, found sitting in a buggy frozen to death near Marion, O.

Helen Bradley, 4, burned to death at Streetsboro, O. Clothing caught fire from a lighted match.  
Near Loies, Tenn., an unknown assassin split open the head of Farmer Eugene Smith with an ax.

Firing of a salute with a defective cartridge killed 10 German soldiers and wounded nine at Lei Tung, China.  
Electric sparks caused a fire in the pattern plant of Jarvis, Adams & Company, Pittsburg, that did damage to the extent of \$100,000.

Frozen pipes caused a boiler to explode at the plant of the Marine company, Cincinnati. Fireman McKinley fatally and others severely injured.

At San Francisco—Overseer, Joe Frey, Robt. Flinch of Gold, Gold Gr. Daily Well boat.

At New Orleans—Gracious, George Lee, Albert Vale, Alphonse, Horsehoe Tobacco, Scrivener.

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## A LITTLE BIG WASTE.

Distinguishing between economy and wisdom.

Sitting at home to save shoe leather is economy, but it is scarcely wisdom. In the same way, doing without Ivory Soap is economy, but it isn't wise; your risks are greater than all possible saving. Every cheap soap contains free alkali. Now, free alkali will eat its way through the new oil cloth on the kitchen floor. Imagine then what it will do in a single Monday's washing! Is such economy wise?

Another Threatening Letter.  
Omaha, Jan. 3.—Another letter printed with a lead pencil was received by E. A. Cudahy demanding the withdrawal of the reward for the kidnapers. The fact that the address was printed in similar style to the former ones gives rise to the suspicion before it was opened that it was from the same source, but Mr. Cudahy stated that he did not attach the slightest significance to it.

Anna Covers It.  
Baltimore, Jan. 3.—Anna Held, who is filling an engagement here this week, announced that she was in cable communication with Mme. Adeline Patti, looking to the purchase of the latter's estate, Craig-Y-Nos. Miss Held has offered \$500,000 for the estate. From the tenor of the cable message received by Miss Held, the diva seems anxious that Miss Held should become the purchaser.

Singular Fatality.  
Portsmouth, O., Jan. 3.—Josie Monk, a young daughter of this county, was instantly killed while endeavoring to drive under an archway on a load of baled hay. He leaped his head in order to pass through safely, but his body became wedged in between the arch and the hay and his neck and back were broken in several places.

Suits Signed.  
Pittsburg, Jan. 3.—The workers at the plant of the National Steel company at Sharon, Pa., signed the new scale for 1901, which provides for a reduction of 10 per cent. About 400 men were affected. It is said that new scales for all the nonunion mills are now being prepared by the company.

Charged With Bigamy.  
New York, Jan. 3.—George W. Howard, a consulting engineer of Boston, who has made his home in this city about a year, was arrested in this city on a warrant charging him with bigamy. It is alleged that he has two wives, one in Boston and the other in Brooklyn.

The Weather.  
Indications for Friday—Generally fair; variable winds.

THE MEAT OF IT.  
Interesting News Notes From All Quarters of the Globe.

Secretary Hay Ill. Cold.  
Joseph McMillan, 24, killed by a train at Benwood, W. Va.

British ships Andra and Rathdowne reported lost in the Pacific.  
Farman and Joseph Carr, 24, found sitting in a buggy frozen to death near Marion, O.

Helen Bradley, 4, burned to death at Streetsboro, O. Clothing caught fire from a lighted match.  
Near Loies, Tenn., an unknown assassin split open the head of Farmer Eugene Smith with an ax.

Firing of a salute with a defective cartridge killed 10 German soldiers and wounded nine at Lei Tung, China.  
Electric sparks caused a fire in the pattern plant of Jarvis, Adams & Company, Pittsburg, that did damage to the extent of \$100,000.

Frozen pipes caused a boiler to explode at the plant of the Marine company, Cincinnati. Fireman McKinley fatally and others severely injured.

At San Francisco—Overseer, Joe Frey, Robt. Flinch of Gold, Gold Gr. Daily Well boat.

At New Orleans—Gracious, George Lee, Albert Vale, Alphonse, Horsehoe Tobacco, Scrivener.

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A LITTLE BIG WASTE.

Distinguishing between economy and wisdom.

Sitting at home to save shoe leather is economy, but it is scarcely wisdom



## MUST

## Appeal to Higher Officials.

## The Yard Men

## Fail to Change the Plans Adopted

For Operating the Local Yard and Mr. Doan Will Not be Reinstated.

Matter Will be Taken Up to the Cincinnati Officials and May go to the Grievance Committee of Federation.

About the only thing accomplished by the C. H. & D. yard men, who were in conference with Supt. Floeter as a committee, yesterday afternoon, was to put the matter in shape for appeal to the next higher court, namely, general superintendent Turner and the official board at Cincinnati. The outcome of the conference here was easy to predict, and it was not expected that Mr. Floeter would be turned from his purpose to make the change he had ordered in the management of the local yards.

The attitude of the superintendent was made plain in the Times-Democrat's account of the trouble last night, and he was not deterred from his original purpose by the persuasions of the men who have taken such a determined stand against what they believe to be a gross infringement on their rights.

The conference was a lengthy one, and while both sides were plain in their statements and demands, the discussion closed without precipitating hasty conclusions. Supt. Floeter's absolute refusal to countenance the requests of the committee, left them the only other alternative, and that is to appear before General Superintendent Turner and General Manager Waldo in turn. The final resort will be to place the matter in the hands of the grievance committee representing the federation of C. H. & D. employees.

This committee holds its next meeting in Cincinnati early in January, and if the higher officials of the road decline to interfere with the stand taken by Mr. Floeter, it will be left to the order to either compel recognition, or to accept the new condition as one which does not require interference.

## THE GREAT JACKET SALE.

Friday and Saturday, we will positively sell Ladies' jackets and capes at Manufacturer's price.

MRS. F. LIGHT.

## HEAVY WRENCH

Falls Upon Walter M. Cooney's Foot Mashing One Toe.

Walter M. Cooney, of the dry goods firm, Carroll & Cooney, who also has interests of considerable proportion in the Lima oil field, is laid up with a badly injured foot. While he was at a well on the Fetter farm in Bath township Monday a heavy wrench fell upon one of his feet, mashing one toe very severely.

## JACKET SALE.

We are positively sacrificing on the cost of jackets and capes to close them out quickly.

MRS. F. LIGHT.

F—1—S—H at Townsend's.

## HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.

The Lima branch of the Ohio Humane Society will hold its regular monthly meeting, Friday evening, January 4th, at 7 o'clock, in the board of education rooms.

R. C. EASTMAN, Pres.  
MRS. E. B. SHIFF, Sec'y. 9-2t

## ANOTHER SPECIAL

Friday and Saturday sale. It is quite interesting to watch the people that anxiously wait for these sales, as they fully appreciate the great bargains we offer.

MRS. F. LIGHT.

184 North Main street.

F—1—S—H at Townsend's.

## QUARTERLY

## Report of Lima's Humane Officer.

## Relief Furnished to Suffering Man and Brute

And Punishment Meted Out to Several Who Had Willfully Neglected Their Families.

Humane officer, James Cremean has just compiled a report of the work done by him covering the last three months, and respectfully submits it to the society for acceptance as follows:

## SEPTEMBER REPORT.

Took the Shrider child to the Lima Hospital for treatment and care. Arrested one Otto Myers for neglecting his child. At trial he agreed to, and does, pay to Messrs. Welty & Downing, attorneys for the mother, the sum of \$2 per week, for the support of his babe. Ordered 17 horses off the street, for lameness and want of care. Investigated 27 cases of alleged cruelty to children. Killed 3 horses. Received 42 telephone calls and 7 letters pertaining to humane work.

## OCTOBER REPORT.

Ordered off the street, for proper care, 23 head of horses; put up and fed 3 horses and shot one. Telephone messages received in relation to humane matters, 24. Have investigated 13 cases of alleged cruelty to children and animals; and have some under consideration now.

## NOVEMBER REPORT.

Caused the arrest of one Conrad Alboring for failure to support his baby, and after being found guilty, he entered into a bond to support the child, and is now paying over the agreed amount for that purpose. Paty Gouman is another man we caused to be arrested upon the same charge, and he is now serving out his sentence in the Toledo work-house.

Was called to Spencerville by the marshal of that village, to investigate a complaint that one Mrs. Miller was not receiving proper care. She is partially demented, and is very hard to care for; she has an estate left by her husband, to keep her in comfort, and the guardian has promised to see that she is comfortably cared for.

One James Justice was arrested for non-support of his children, and after a trial, was found guilty, and is now serving a sentence in the work-house at Toledo. Recovered two little boys of Richard Shadley from relatives in Hardin county, who were being neglected, and turned them over to their mother, who is now caring for them. Have investigated 26 cases of alleged cruelty to children and animals, and have abated some, and others are under probation; have received 3 letters in relation to humane matters, and a number of telephone messages; ordered off the street 19 horses; put up and fed 7; have secured home for 3 children, and now have several cases under investigation.

Respectfully submitted,  
J. E. CREMEAN,  
Dec. 7, 1900. Humane Officer.

## SNEEZE AND BLOW.

That is what you must do when you have catarrh in the head. The way to cure this disease is to purify the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine soothes and heals the inflamed surfaces, rebuilds the delicate tissues and permanently cures catarrh by expelling from the blood the scrofulous taint upon which it depends. Be sure to get Hood's.

The non-irritating cathartic—Hood's Pills.

## TO THE PUBLIC.

The Bank of Lima announces to its patrons and the public that it has sold the lease of its banking rooms to "The Ohio National Bank, who take possession on January 2, 1901. The Bank of Lima, however has reserved the rear room of its old quarters, wherein to wind up its affairs, at which place depositors will be paid in full, and debtors to said bank will please make payment. Thanking our many patrons for their good will and custom in the past, we are

Very truly,  
THE BANK OF LIMA,  
By Gus Kalk, President.

It's the little colds that grow into big colds; the big colds that end in consumption and death. Watch the little colds. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

## OIL

## Industry of Buckeye State.

## Annual Report

## Of Operations in the Lima Field.

The Past Year Has Been a Prosperous One Among the Producers.

Interesting Statistics Concerning the Vast Developments Since the Paper Mill Well was Drilled.

The Toledo News publishes the following comprehensive and interesting review of the oil producing business of northwestern Ohio:

"With the closing of 1900, passes one of the most prosperous years in the history of crude oil in the northwestern Ohio field. The season just closing has proven a success financially in all its branches and all the people that have been engaged in the industry have had an opportunity to make a snug sum of money. The prices for the entire year have been so that chances could be taken on a flyer without the operator feeling that his pocket book was being drained. While the present year has not been the greatest for the drill, it has been close on the heels of the year of 1895 which has so far seen the bumper season since oil was first struck in the Trenton rock formation. During the season a large amount of eastern capital have invested in the oil business in this field. The deep sand territory along what has for years been known as the Mungan-Haskins sucker rock belt has been very prolific. The direct cause of this is the drilling deeper of the oil wells along this line, where the oil is found all the way from the top of the oil bearing sand to the depth of over three hundred feet in the same formation. At the lowest depth in the formation a well may come in perfectly dry, but a heavy shot of ultraglycerine opens up a crevice and the well that was considered worthless pours out its hundreds of barrels of the precious fluid. This deep drilling has made a mint of money for the oil man, and has been the cause of the transfer of so many producing properties to the investors. Hancock county is also another spot where the oil is being found at a greater depth than ever before, and hundreds of the old time wells are being drilled down and their production more than doubled.

During the year there were 5,129 wells completed in the northwestern Ohio oil district. Of this number 594 were worthless for the production of crude oil, but many were paying gas wells and the field utilized, still they are listed as dry holes as far as the oil producing part is concerned. With all these wells completed during the year, there is but a slight change in the daily output of all the wells. The new wells drilled hardly keeps up the oil average production, as the old wells are dropping off so rapidly. No gushers are being found in this field like they were several years ago. A 500 barrel well now days is a very scarce article, and not one of that caliber has been completed in the Ohio field the entire year. The closest to it is the one drilled in by Jack Watts during November in the Haskins district in Wood county. This well was located midway between two old and very small producers, and not over two hundred feet from either well still it started at over four hundred barrels. This well is on the Haskins-Mungan sucker rock belt.

Wood county as usual takes the lead in operations with 1,435 wells drilled during the season, of which 101 were dry holes. This county has been the Mecca for oil men. The territory located southwest from Bowling Green in what has for years been termed the ocean of salt water, has developed in one of the best oil producing territories of the state. This same territory was practically drilled over half a dozen years ago and abandoned. Dallas Whipple secured a lease in that pool in the northern part of Liberty township, from which in the past year has netted him a comfortable fortune. The lease has done as high as sixty tanks a month with a capacity of 160 barrels net to the tank. The Jack Oil company has drilled a number of wells on the Mitchell land, in the southern part of Plain township. This land was considered worthless as far as paying wells was concerned, still this company went right ahead and drilled and at one time was getting a produc-

tion of 200 barrels a day from the property. They refused an offer of \$100,000 for the lease. Many other prolific oil leases are found in the same vicinity. Just northwest a mile from Portage, Klausner Bros. & Baker secured a lease that had been drilled over and abandoned as no good. They now have a production daily of about 120 barrels from it. West and south from Portage is a strip of land that for years could have been secured for oil purposes for the asking, and in all probabilities the farm owners would have given some one a bonus to drill it. It was deemed worthless until Ira W. Shirley a prominent oil man, came along and looked it over, and came to the conclusion that it would be a good chance to put down a venture and secure a large number of leases. He did so and today but very few oil men have a larger production than has Mr. Shirley on this barren, worthless tract of land. Many cases similar to this can be cited in many parts of the Ohio field.

Before going further into the details of the various counties that are listed as oil producing counties it is well to enlighten the readers of the number of wells that have been drilled for oil and gas in northwestern Ohio since the completion of the first oil well on the Paper mill property at Lima. From the time that the oil business first started until the present time there are 42,504 wells completed in this field. They were divided among the following counties:

| County.       | Wells Completed. |
|---------------|------------------|
| Wood          | 14,117           |
| Hancock       | 6,518            |
| Allen         | 4,223            |
| Auglaize      | 4,523            |
| Sandusky      | 5,984            |
| Lucas         | 1,325            |
| Mercer        | 2,701            |
| Seneca        | 575              |
| Van Wert      | 345              |
| Wyandot       | 325              |
| Ottawa        | 334              |
| Shelby        | 229              |
| Miscellaneous | 1,233            |
| Total         | 42,504           |

The above listed wells are completed by years as follows:

| Year.         | Comp. Wells. | Dry Holes. |
|---------------|--------------|------------|
| Prior to 1890 | 7,335        | 1,355      |
| 1890          | 2,151        | 141        |
| 1891          | 1,752        | 246        |
| 1892          | 1,465        | 188        |
| 1893          | 1,877        | 320        |
| 1894          | 3,001        | 440        |
| 1895          | 5,559        | 830        |
| 1896          | 4,339        | 620        |
| 1897          | 2,755        | 480        |
| 1898          | 2,852        | 307        |
| 1899          | 4,469        | 413        |
| 1900          | 5,129        | 594        |
| Total         | 42,504       | 6,050      |

The figures above show that 42,504 wells have been drilled in. Estimate them at the small figures of \$1,000 each, and they represent an outlay of \$68,006,400. This amount of money has been paid to the contractors for labor, and the iron man for casing, drive and other iron material, the lumber man for rig lumber and timber, and the tank man for tanks. This does not include the money paid the farmers as bonus for their leases, which it was actually known would mean an addition of at least a million dollars, to say nothing of the amount of money expended by the pipe line companies for the laying of a net work of pipe lines, iron storage tanks, etc. Another thing is the cost of the large number of refineries that are located in the state. During the time since the first well was completed the wells of northwestern Ohio has produced close on to 4,000,000 barrels of crude oil, which at an average price of 60 cents, signified that the pipe line handling the crude product has paid out for oil alone, about \$240,000,000. This large amount of money has been divided up among the laboring people, the merchants and various other business ends in the oil country. Has any one an idea that the oil country ever sees hard times, with so much money in circulation. The oil business has been a God send to this part of the state. It has made farmers who were lucky enough to own a farm in the oil belt, wealthy, and oil money has paid off many a mortgage that could never have been paid otherwise. Northwestern Ohio does not only derive a big benefit from the oil industry, as the southeastern part of the state has an enormous oil district, with close to ten thousand wells that are not listed with the northwestern Ohio wells. At a very conservative estimate it can be said that close to 60,000 wells have been drilled within the limits of the state for either oil or gas. Oil was found in this state as early as 1812, when signs of the crude product was found in the southern part of the state while drilling a water well. A test well for gas and oil was drilled near Waterville, about 15 miles southwest from this city, as early as 1865, but nothing was found to warrant further operations, as the well never struck the Trenton formation. Hancock county has a better future before it than most any other county

in this field. The once famous gas field has given up its all in that line and the territory is now being drilled for oil with good results. An occasional gas well or dry hole is found, but they are few and far between. The county has a large scope of valuable territory to yet be developed. The same can be said of Allen county, the home of Lima crude. Some new and prolific pools have been opened up in that county during the year, and it bids fair to rival either Wood or Hancock counties the coming season. Auglaize county has not been much of a factor in the business the past year. The famous Reservoir pool of a few years ago was the most prolific pool found in the county, when wells were drilled in the bed of the great agricultural lake as far as 2,500 feet from shore. Sandusky county is just holding its own in operations, and the territory of the county is pretty well defined. Mercer county has a future before it, as oil has been found along the state line in paying quantities. Within the past season a paying pool has been developed a couple of miles east of Celina, on the north bank of the reservoir that the prolific, and considerable work is doing there. Lucas county, as an active operating district, has about seen its day, unless something new is found shortly. The field in Oregon and Jerusalem townships are as well confined as any two townships in the state. The field around Waterville is a mystery to the trade, and may yet develop something startling. The Tiffin end of the Seneca county field is a thing of the past, and practically not known on the oil map. Van Wert county is a candidate for more laurels in the business, as some good wells are being found north from Venodaola, where the crude product has been found in paying quantities, when least expected. Ottawa county has made history for itself during the past year, especially in its gas fields, located near the hamlet of Graytown, in Benton township, and Toledo is getting a portion of its gas supply from that end of the world. Shelby county has but little activity, as the oil man of the present day has but little faith in it. There are several other counties that will come in for a share of the oil business some day. They are as follows: Hardin, Henry, Williams, Fulton, Putnam, Paulding, Dark, DeKalb and Logan.

That the year 1900 proved an eventful one will be seen by the figures below, showing the number of wells completed in each county during the year, with the output of the wells each month, and the number of dry holes:

| County.       | Comp.  | Prod.  | Dry. |
|---------------|--------|--------|------|
| Wood          | 14,117 | 22,310 | 101  |
| Hancock       | 6,518  | 16,840 | 81   |
| Allen         | 4,223  | 19,725 | 97   |
| Auglaize      | 4,523  | 3,655  | 41   |
| Sandusky      | 5,984  | 6,050  | 27   |
| Lucas         | 1,325  | 2,701  | 29   |
| Mercer        | 2,701  | 2,895  | 33   |
| Seneca        | 575    | 1,740  | 50   |
| Van Wert      | 345    | 1,100  | 17   |
| Wyandot       | 325    | 560    | 14   |
| Ottawa        | 334    | 1,720  | 28   |
| Shelby        | 229    | 305    | 9    |
| Miscellaneous | 1,233  | 355    | 53   |
| Total         | 42,504 | 80,725 | 594  |

The following tables show the completion of the wells each month for the year 1900:

| Month.    | Comp. | Prod. | Dry. |
|-----------|-------|-------|------|
| January   | 440   | 7,210 | 38   |
| February  | 424   | 7,415 | 41   |
| March     | 433   | 7,690 | 45   |
| April     | 419   | 6,970 | 43   |
| May       | 488   | 6,370 | 58   |
| June      | 519   | 7,460 | 70   |
| July      | 467   | 6,920 | 53   |
| August    | 439   | 6,740 | 48   |
| September | 409   | 6,065 | 49   |
| October   | 414   | 6,460 | 54   |
| November  | 356   | 6,045 | 47   |
| December  | 321   | 5,680 | 48   |

Totals 42,504 80,725 594

Increased completed wells over 1899, 660.

Increase dry holes over 1899, 181.

Increase new production, 1,485 barrels.

Average January wells, 18 barrels.

Average February wells, 19 1/2 barrels.

Average March wells, 19 2/3 barrels.

Average April wells, 16 1/4 barrels.

Average May wells, 16 1/3 barrels.

Average June wells, 16 2/3 barrels.

Average July wells, 19 1/2 barrels.

Average August wells, 17 1/10 barrels.

Average September wells, 17 barrels.

Average October wells, 19 barrels.

Average November wells, 18 1/2 barrels.

Average December wells, 13 barrels.

Pipe Line Statement.

The following table gives the daily average runs and shipments of oil as well as the amount of stock on hand at the close of each month for the year 1900. The December figures are not yet in, so the table gives only eleven months of the year:

| Month.   | Average. | Average.   | Total.     |
|----------|----------|------------|------------|
|          | Runs.    | Shipments. | Stock.     |
| January  | 45,452   | 45,295     | 16,645,126 |
| February | 44,687   | 47,747     | 16,663,707 |
| March    | 46,880   | 48,145     | 10,767,147 |
| April    | 49,481   | 44,417     | 11,127,633 |
| May      | 52,193   | 40,281     | 11,059,730 |

## The Metellus Thomson Company,

AND THE.....

## RUMMAGE SALE STILL GOES ON.

ALSO THE SPECIAL PRICES ON

Silk Shirt Waists,  
Wool Shirt Waists.  
Fur Jackets,  
Dress Goods,  
Women's Suits and  
Table Linens  
Still Continue.

OUR TABLE OF SILKS AND  
VELVETS AT 19c IS A WONDER.

But We Are Lima's One and Only  
Cash Store.

## The Metellus Thomson Co.

|  | June       | July       | August     | September  | October    | November   |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Wanted.  | 53,711     | 51,573     | 53,330     | 50,290     | 53,325     | 48,477     |
| Active max. to manage branch, mercantile, old established house, well developed line. Chance for future advancement. Salary \$125 a month; extra commissions. Must furnish \$300 cash and first-class references. Manager, Drawer 74, New Haven, Conn. | 37,168     | 31,971     | 34,424     | 44,169     | 44,123     | 47,355     |
|  | 12,336,280 | 12,070,577 | 12,343,013 | 14,262,144 | 14,578,274 | 14,300,403 |

## THE GREAT JACKET SALE.

Friday and Saturday, we will positively sell Ladies' jackets and capes at Manufacturer's price.

MRS. F. LIGHT.

## THE IDLER.

As the clock struck 12 in Madrid at the dawn of the new century Spain

changed its method of reckoning time.

Hereafter the clocks of Alfonso's kingdom will count the hours from 1 to 24.

Instead of going as far as 12 and then beginning all over again, as they did Monday. The Madrid or Barcelona

business man will rise at 7; go to work at 8:30; lunch at 12; quit for the day at 17; dine at 18:30; go to the theatre at 20; reach home at 22:30; lunch at 22:45; and retire at 23:30. There will be no a. m. or p. m. to confuse the

traveler. The figures themselves will tell exactly what hour is mentioned without any extra suffix or amir.

When a Spanish club man goes out of an evening and his wife tells him to come home early, he can take her literally at her word and come creeping in at 2 or 3 o'clock with a good excuse, for who ever heard of calling 23 o'clock or 24 o'clock early?

New Year's day the Cleveland World published an edition dated "Tuesday morning, Jan. 1, 2001," and an idea of how amusing the edition was may be formed from the following which was one of the smaller items published:

"Attorney Monnett appeared before Virgil P. Kline this morning and petitioned the Standard oil company for permission to fly in the state of Ohio. The prayer of the petitioner was refused with costs, and he was ordered to leave the state at once on penalty of contempt of the Standard. Monnett and his ancestors have been fleeing the Standard for over 100 years. Mr. Kline is said to be distantly related to the gold Democrat of that name who won the first suit for the Standard way back in 1901."

W. A. Barkhart, editor of the Bi-County Review at Cridersville, stole away from this neck o' the woods a

LOST—Red pocket book, containing four ten dollar bills and one five dollar bill, was lost either on east Market street or north Main street. Finder will keep half of the contents and return same to this office. 3t

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, with or without board. 226 south Pierce street. 9-3t

WANTED—Chambermaid at the Hotel French. 1t

few days ago and returned home in double harness. He wedded a charming young lady at Laurelville, O., and managed the event so cleverly that only a few of his friends know that he has become a benedict!

The Elks' minstrels will rehearse tonight.

A special train passed through the city this morning on the Ohio Central bearing the Lima and Ada people who have been attending the Elsteddod at Columbus. There were no demonstrations, as neither one had captured any prizes, the bulk of which were divided between Columbus and Cincinnati.—Keaton Republican.

There were five additions last evening at the South Side Church of Christ. Don't miss hearing the series on "Up-to-date Religion." Special music to-night. Everybody invited. Right hand of fellowship will be extended.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY SALE.

Now is the greatest opportunity you will have to get a new jacket or cape for the least money.

MRS. F. LIGHT.

Ladies of W. V. R. U. will have installation with the command Friday evening, Jan. 4, at Donze block. Every sister must be present. By order of the president.

F—1—S—H at Townsend's.











# BATTLE

Between a Sheriff's Posse and a Gang of Masked Cracksmen.

## Robbers Start Toward Lima

After Blowing a Safe and Robbing it of \$300 at Cavette, Van Wert County—Half a Hundred Shots Exchanged—The Posse Still in Pursuit.

At 5:45 o'clock this morning the authorities of Van Wert county notified the police of this city that a gang of masked robbers had dynamited a safe at Cavette, near Van Wert, and had escaped, heading toward this city with the sheriff and a posse of citizens in hot pursuit. A meager description of the men was furnished by the Van Wert authorities but up until 3 o'clock this afternoon no further information was obtained concerning them or their present whereabouts.

The robbery was a repetition of the score or more of safe blowing and bank robbing deeds that have been perpetrated in various sections of this state and Indiana during the last two or three months. Cavette is a small village along the Cincinnati Northern railroad a few miles north of Van Wert and the entire populace was asleep when the robbers began their work.

There were eight or nine men in the gang, all masked, and they

FORCED AN ENTRANCE into the general store of W. M. Haglin. While two or three of the gang proceeded to drill a hole into the "burglar proof" safe the remainder of the men were stationed on guard outside the building to prevent interference in case their presence was discovered. At 2 o'clock this morning most of the citizens of the village were awakened by the loud report of an explosion which wrecked Haglin's safe and exposed its contents to the greedy eyes of the robbers. They secured \$300 in money and a few valuables of less

consequence and began preparations for their escape. Before they got away, however, the citizens began flocking about the scene, but they were kept at bay by the robbers, who were all well armed and who blazed away at every form that appeared within range of their revolvers.

### CITIZENS ARMED THEMSELVES.

The citizens armed themselves with such weapons as were available and as soon as a force strong enough to cope with the robbers could be organized they advanced toward the gang and returned fire. The robbers had a team of horses, hitched to a sled, in readiness to haul them away with their booty and as the citizens advanced they sprang into the sled and started eastward, shooting as they went. The citizens followed and returned the fire as long as the robbers were within range, but were soon distanced and compelled to return to the village to secure horses. In the meantime the sheriff had been notified and he soon arrived and started in pursuit of the robbers, accompanied by a large party of citizens who are armed with shot guns, rifles and pistols.

None of the citizens were injured during the running fight and so far as is known the robbers escaped equally fortunate. Where the masked men secured the team and sled has not yet been learned.

The Van Wert authorities describe one of the robbers as being tall, of rather heavy build, and wearing a long black overcoat. Another was equally heavy, but shorter, and also wore a long black coat.

## RETURNED

Home and His Arrest Immediately Followed.

Sanford Edsall is in Jail to Answer to an Indictment Returned by the Grand Jury.

Sanford Edsall, the old junk dealer, who has operated in Lima for a long time and has frequently gotten into trouble for alleged wrongful transactions was arrested this morning and is now in jail. He was indicted for operating in stolen junk, by the last grand jury but left the city before the authorities could effect an arrest.

### IN PROBATE COURT.

A batch of accounts were filed yesterday in probate court as follows: Third and final account of Sylvester Strayer and W. F. Miller, administrators of the Samuel K. Strayer estate; fourth account of Jacob F. Weaver, guardian of Emanuel Weaver, an imbecile; first and final account of A. P. Kiplinger, guardian of Susan Shaw.

### MARRIAGE LICENSES.

M. P. Irwin, aged 30, and May Reed, aged 24, both of Lima.

### REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Clara Burden and husband to Jacob E. Fetter, quit claim to 120 acres in Bath township, \$2,335.

William Meyers to Nancy Feter, one twenty-seventh of 40 acres in Bath township, \$333.

Richard S. McNeany et al., to Moore Bros. Co., land on east Market \$6,500.

B. T. Evans to Harriet Evans et al., 90 acres in Sugar Creek township, \$900.

J. A. Nonnemaker and wife to Jas. F. Rudy, part of lot 228 in Eaton's 3rd addition to Bluffton, \$1.

## UP IN SMOKE

Went Two Tanks of Crude Oil This Morning.

Sun's Rays Were Obscured by Dense Smoke and the City Was Considerably Darkened.

About 10 o'clock this morning the attention of the people upon the streets was attracted by a dense volume of black smoke that arose from a point southeast of the city and ascended skyward in great waves that made Old Sol appear as though he was about to cease shining. The city became darkened and persons who were indoors thought a snow storm was gathering.

An investigation proved that two wooden oil tanks belonging to Smith Brothers and situated on the A. F. Wheeler farm about a mile from the city had accidentally become ignited and were destroyed, together with their contents. The extent of the loss could not be ascertained.

### MORE PIE HANDED OUT.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The Presidential nominations to Senate today were: Oscar Williams, of New York, Counsel General of the United States at Singapore; Frank R. Mower, of Ohio, counsel of the United States at Antigua, West Indies.

### FRIDAY AND SATURDAY SALE.

Now is the greatest opportunity you will have to get a new jacket or cape for the least money.

### MRS. F. LIGHT.

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

## GIRL

Has a Fierce Scrap in a Saloon.

Claimed a Male Companion Insulted Her

And She Fought Like a Fiend Before She Was Thrown to the Floor and Handcuffed.

A public character, known to her associates as Mable and who is an occupant of one of the dives opposite the Pennsylvania depot, created a rough house at Wm. Hain's saloon on east Wayne street last night. The girl claims to have been insulted, according to her interpretation of that term, by one of two men who were drinking with her in an adjoining wine room, and she emphasized her wrath by flinging the glass ware at the offender.

The bar tender interfered, but the woman, infuriated beyond measure, attacked everybody who approached her and sunk her teeth in the arm of the man who dispenses drinks in the place, bringing the blood through his shirt sleeve.

Constable Cremean, who was passing, was called in and took hold of the woman, who at the time was tangled up with one of the men in a flustered battle. Without taking note of the new arrival the girl struck officer Cremean an ugly blow on the forehead, breaking the skin and dazing him for a moment. Gentle tactics could not very well be employed to calm the tigress, and the constable was brought into use. Not until she was borne to the floor and held there did she come to her senses and then she offered an apology for striking one with the authority to put her under arrest.

The proprietor of the place is from Chicago, and the bartender didn't wish to order the girl sent to prison on his own authority. Constable Cremean, not being a member of the police force, took the next best course and saw that the girl went home with her father. Chief Harley arrived a few minutes later and when told the circumstances said the girl should have been taken at once to the city prison. She had made herself scarce, however, and no arrests have been reported as yet.

## LIMA TENT

K. O. T. M. Installs Officers and Initiates Dr. Barr.

The Tent Has Changed Its Headquarters and Reviews are Now Held in the Cahill Block.

Last night at the regular review of Lima Tent No. 142, Knights of the Maccabees, the following officers were installed:

Commander, J. A. Desenberg; Lieut. Comd., J. L. Hessel; R. K., H. J. Beckman; F. K., M. Doyle; Chaplain, Joseph Parks; Physician, Dr. Matthews; Sergt., S. R. Larine; M. A., Wm. High; F. M. G., Smith Pearson; S. M. G., J. H. Pearson; Sentinel, M. M. Hartman; Picket, W. G. Baker.

During the evening Dr. E. J. Barr was initiated into the secrets of the order. The tent now holds a review each Tuesday evening in the new Cahill hall at Main and Spring streets.

## LUNG TROUBLE

Causes the Death of Mrs. Hooks, of Greenlawn Avenue.

Nancy J. Hooks, wife of A. Hooks, of 944 Greenlawn avenue, died at 2:30 o'clock this morning, death resulting from lung trouble after a long illness. Deceased was aged 53 years, 7 months and 27 days. The remains will be taken to Rockford, Saturday, for interment.

## NOTICE OF ELECTION.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Citizens Loan and Building Co., of Lima, for the election of directors, and such other business as may be brought up, will be held on Friday, January 18, 1901, at the office of the company, at 7 p. m.

L. A. FELTZ, Secretary.

## THE ANTI'S ARE SCARED.

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 3.—The Anti-Quay leaders are fighting hard to keep their men in line. Quay is now only three votes short of majority.

F—1—S—H at Townsend's.

## ONE

More of Lima's Fair Daughters

## Carried Away

As a Charming Twentieth Century Bride

To Grace the Home of One of Beaver's Prominent Citizens.

The Nuptials of Miss McCoy and Mr. Woolslair Celebrated at Christ Episcopal Church Last Night.

Last evening at 7 o'clock the Christ Episcopal church was brilliantly lighted and the chancel most artistically decorated in green and red from side to side, and from floor to the ceiling, almost, were garlands and festoons of ground pine depending from a frame work covered with ground pine, wreaths of holly being suspended in each arch, a cross of pine surrounding the center arch. At the sides of the chancel were banks of pinks and ferns, and the altar was all dressed in white and gold with large clusters of red carnations on each side. At 6:45 the church was filled with relatives and friends, who had assembled to witness the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Culbertson McCoy's daughter Harriet to Mr. John Kessland Woolslair. At 6:50 Miss Lee Love entered the chancel dressed in the prevailing colors, her gown being of light green permeated over green silk, with a large bouquet of red carnations in her arms and the same bright flowers in her hair. She took her place at the organ and played "The Thy Wedding March" then very softly played "Call me Thine Own," and promptly at 7 o'clock repeated the approach of the bridal party by playing the "Wedding March" from Lohengrin, and the pastor, Rev. G. F. G. Hoyt, came from the vestry room into the chancel and knelt in prayer. Then the bride's maids, Misses Carolyn Woolslair, Helen Leete, Irene McCoy, and Ethel Rockhill entered through the vestry door, making a beautiful picture, each wearing gowns of light green silk covered with light green organdie made with wide flaring ruffled lace on the demi train and the high necked bodices and elbow sleeves being made of tiny tulle, the sleeves ending in little ruffles, green satin ribbons forming belt and collar on the bodice; each one carried an armful of bright red carnations and wore two of them in their hair with a spray of smilax. These maids passed from the chancel into the main part of the church and met the fathers and maid of honor. The ushers were the bride's brother, Mr. James McCoy, Mr. Gibson Diddine, Mr. Frederick Davidson, Mr. Brown Patterson and E. P. Kunn. The maid of honor was Miss Edith Leonard and her lovely gown was of white organdie over light green silk and her bouquet composed of white carnations and smilax. She entered by the main entrance preceding the bride, who entered with her father. Her gown was very beautiful, being of white chiffon over white tulle, a pattern of Duchess lace completing the high corsage and cuffs of the same rare lace completing the sleeves. A long tulle veil extended over the court train, and the exquisite bridal bouquet was made up of hundreds of lilacs of the valley, while fragrant orange blossoms fastened the veil to her hair. At the chancel they were met by the groom and his best man, Mr. John McCreery, who entered from the vestry room. The pastor advancing to the chancel rail read the beautiful marriage service, all the witnesses standing throughout the ceremony. The father giving his daughter away to the man of her choice, the maid of honor removing the short veil from the bride's face at the close of the ceremony when the happy strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march served as a recessional for the wedding party.

The maids were given pretty souvenir clasp purses in the form of fleurells and the ushers stickpins in the form of wreaths. The bridal party and relatives were afterwards entertained at the home of the bride's

parents, where the decorations were also of red and green in each room and a delicious wedding supper was served after the happy couple had been showered good wishes and congratulations.

The limited express bore them away eastward to Washington, D. C.; then they go to Jacksonville, St. Augustine and finally to Myers, Florida, where they will remain until spring at a coast plantation, owned by the groom, coming north in the spring to Beaver, Pa.

The house guests from out of town were the groom's mother, Mrs. John Woolslair, of Beaver, Pa.; his sister, Mrs. Shellebarger, and two children, of Norchester, Pa.; Mrs. S. B. Struggess, of New Galilee, Pa.; Mrs. Arthur Pixley, of Warren, Pa.; Miss Martha McCoy, of St. Louis, Mo.; Mr. and Mrs. B. G. Hoyer, of Huntington, Ind.; Mr. and Mrs. George Kinsman, of Decatur, Ill.; and Mr. George Southard, of Buffalo, N. Y.

The bride is one of Lima's fairest daughters, having hosts of friends wherever she is known, and the groom is a young man in high standing in Beaver, Pa., and in the south where his business as a planter calls him during the winter months. He is to be congratulated upon winning such an estimable young woman for his wife and much as her friends dislike to see her leave our city they send after both warm wishes for a happy and most prosperous journey through life.

We shall make our January Clearance Sale the most talked-about mercantile event in town—the values will be the greatest that were ever offered in the Clothing or Shoe business in Lima. Yesterday was the first day of this sale and in spite of being "the day after New Year" (usually a very dull day), we broke all previous records for a January business day—the prices induced many to buy, who only come to look. Every succeeding day this month shall be a record breaker—we are going to make it so. Prices will do the work, and we ask every intelligent person in need of Clothing or Shoes to come to our store and look over the many bargains and convince himself that we mean business.



## ANOTHER

Route Proposed for the Lima- Findlay Road.

Attorney Wm. Klinger Goes to Benton Ridge to Sound the People on the Matter.

There will be a meeting held at Benton Ridge, near Findlay, tonight, for the purpose of submitting a proposition for building the proposed Lima-Findlay electric railroad through that village. Presenting Attorney Klinger, of this city, who is the road's attorney, will be present to a cost about the enterprise. The Findlay Regulator refers to the matter as follows:

It is possible that at Benton Ridge, the thriving village of Beach and township will be connected with the outside world by an electric railway. The promoters of the electric line from Lima to Findlay who have been considering the Lima pike as a right of way to this city, have turned their attention to this route from Sawson to Benton Ridge. They have been attracted to Benton not only on account of the lack of other near rail communication with the outside world but also by the beautiful Kimmel park which lies near the village. At a conference in this city between William Klinger, of Lima, attorney for the road, Attorney C. E. Jordan and Dr. Kimmel it was decided to call a meeting at Benton Ridge, Thursday night next, in Whistler hall. The meeting will come at the close of the session of the Farmers' Institute and will no doubt be attended by all the farmers of that vicinity. This company asks that they be granted a right-of-way a 25-foot strip from Sawson and Benton Ridge and thence to Findlay. It is the intention to use the beautiful grove on Dr. Kimmel's farm as a park either to be operated by the doctor or the railway company. This route would tap a rich section of the country and it is understood is greatly desired by the promoters of the line.

## NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National bank, of Lima, for the election of board of directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking rooms Tuesday, January 8th, 1901, at 2:30 o'clock p. m. By order of board of directors, G. D. CRITES, Cashier.

## NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Metropolitan bank, of Lima, for the election of a board of directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at their banking rooms Wednesday, January 9th, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m. By order of board of directors, W. H. DUFFIELD, Cashier.

Half the ill that man is heir to come from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

## Head-quarters



## LUMBER

and Prices always the Lowest, at

THEO. FEIST'S, 316 East Market Street.

## Dr. Artemas Blake Gray.

DENTIST. 211 Masonic Building, LIMA, OHIO.

## LOOK AT THIS!

BANBY & SHEPHERD THE BARBERS.

In the Metropolitan block basement will give you a hair cut or shave that is smooth as a ribbon.

## George S. Mills

Architect. Toledo and Lima. Charles W. Dawson Representative 305 Masonic Temple, Lima.

## TICKET SHARKS

Will Not be Tolerated by the Elks This Year.

Everybody Shall Have an Equal Chance for Good Seats. Rehearsal This Evening.

The benefit committee in charge of arrangements for the minstrel performance which will be given in the open house one week from tomorrow night has decided that no one person shall be permitted to secure more than six reserved seat tickets for this performance. This rule is adopted for the purpose of heading off ticket sharks, who have heretofore been in the habit of securing tickets for the best seats in the house and then peddling them out at advanced prices. The Elks are determined that all patrons of their show shall have an equal chance at securing good seats. The performers will have a rehearsal tonight.

In cases of catarrh Hood's Sarsaparilla heals the tissues, builds up the system, expels impurities from the blood and cures.